McKean County Miner.

BERT OLSON, Editor and Proprietor

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE COUNTY

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This hotel has recently been renovated and refurnished. The table and bar constantly supplied with the best the market affords. First-class in every respect. Rates reasonable.

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This Hotel is recently built, and is furnished with all the conveniences of a first-class hotel. A well stocked and well kept Bar connected with the house. First-class in every respect. Rates reasonable.

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This House has recently been greatly improved in all its appointments, making it one of the most convenient hotels in the county. Good beds and attentive clerks. The tables are supplied with all the delicacies of the season. A liberal share of the public patronage is respectfully solicited.

THE FLEMING HOTEL,
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This Hotel has been recently built and is newly furnished throughout in the latest style.
First-class accommodations for the traveling public.
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First-class accommodations.
Free Bus to and from all trains.

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New house, new furniture. First-class in every respect. Particular attention paid to the traveling public. Good sample rooms for commercial men.

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This house has [illegible] and refurnished. The tables are supplied with the best the market [illegible]

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Office connected with N. Y. and Pa. Telephone and Telegraph line [illegible] lines and only one office from Western Union and Postal Telegraph offices.
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Can Cure All Ordinary Lameness in Horse's Feet and Legs.
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A share of your patronage is respectfully solicited.
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Of the following first-class manufacturers: A. B. Chase, Dunn & Gertz, Malcom Love and Woodward & Brown, sold for cash or on installments.
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Of the very best makes, sold for cash or on installments, at reduced prices.
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Will sell Domestic and Wheeler & Wilson machines hereafter for cash at a
Reduction of $25.00
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The Wm. Hengerer Co.
SUCCESSORS TO
BARNES, HENGERER & CO.

Buffalo, N. Y., Wednesday, Aug. 5.

MANUFACTURERS SALE
of FINE CLOTHING.

It is not very often we print prices in these advertisements but this is one thing away beyond anything we've ever attempted, and of direct interest to every man and of considerable interest to every woman in Western New York. It's a Manufacturer's Sale. That means one of the best known Clothing manufacturers' [illegible] reach you through us. We're able to offer these goods at way below cost [illegible] and you reap the benefit in such prices as these:

A lot of boys' odd woolen and cotton vests worth $1 to $2 to go at 15 cents.
A lot of boys' [illegible] blouses to go at 25c.
A lot of [illegible] hats to go at 25c.
A lot of [illegible] blouses $1 grade at 50c.
A lot of [illegible] $4 all wool sailor suits at $1.49.
A lot of [illegible] cassimere all-wool [illegible] to 15 years at $1.[illegible]
A lot of [illegible] pants sailor suits $6 grade at $2.99.
A lot of boys' [illegible] pants suits 14 to 19 years fine cassimeres [illegible]
Men's $1 and $1.[illegible] straw hats all sizes at 49c.
Men's [illegible] flannel bathing suits at $1.50.
[illegible] pants all sizes, extra stock $1.50.
Men's $[illegible] dress pants at $2.50.
Men's [illegible] sizes, at $3.79.
Men's [illegible] cheviot and diagonal Sunday suits [illegible] value $15. Special at $10.

Nothing like this has ever been attempted before. Such ridiculously low prices on new and worthy goods amounts to a revolution in the trade. The manufacturer loses money—not we, and those who buy [illegible] now will more than pay their expenses to the city. It's your chance to save money. Bargains in all the [illegible] This is a bargain month.

The Wm Hengerer Co.

Mention the *Miner* when writing or calling

They Stay Dyed.
Stockings, Feathers, Gowns, Cloaks or other articles dyed with
Diamond Dyes
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GET YOUR
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FILLED
AT
ARMSTRONG & CO.'S
Opposite the . .
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We make a specialty of Fine Perfumes, soap and toilet articles, drugs and patent medicines, blank books, legal blanks, etc.
A fine bound book given free with purchases amounting to $3.00.

FALCON!
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FALCON,
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$60.00
85.00
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LADIES' FALCON WHEEL,
and ask Rev. J. W. Sanborn to show you his
GOLD CRANK FALCON.
He will also give you a superb catalogue.
Our FOWLER and PATEE wheels are also first-class and guaranteed.
Every wheel warranted to give satisfaction or money refunded. Our wheels are [illegible] Send for catalogue.
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You will be needing one soon. I am having all I can do. Better leave your order now and save disappointments. I am showing all the latest styles and am prepared to give the citizens of CLERMONT and vicinity Bargains.
NO FIT NO PAY.
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THE OLD RELIABLE
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Are better prepared than ever to fill your wants in their line. Their stock is full and complete. Their prices at rock-bottom. Do not fail to give them a call.
UNDERTAKING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.

SING AGAIN.

You sang me a song,
'Twas the close of the year.
Sing again!
I cannot remember the name
Or the words.
'Tis the same
We listen to hear
When the windows are open in spring,
And the air's full of birds.
One calls from the branch some sweet thing,
And one sings on the wing
The refrain.
You sang me a song;
My heart thrilled to hear.
The refrain
Has run like a fillet of gold
Through the woof
Of [illegible]
Dark days of [illegible]
Tonight there's a year at its start.
A [illegible]
Your [illegible]
And the song's in your heart—
Sing again!
—Scribner's Magazine.

IN POSSESSION.

"What outrageous conduct!" exclaimed Mrs. Fielding, gazing at her daughter with wide open eyes.

"Very extraordinary!" agreed Ethel. "I never heard of such a thing in my life!"

"I should hope not!" returned Mrs. Fielding. "What would your poor, dear father have said if, during his lifetime, a young man had come to propose for your hand, and, on being refused by you, had expressed his intention of staying in the house until you accepted him? I've not even read in novels" (with a fine touch of scorn) "of such a preposterous notion. Did he—did—did he seem firm about it, my dear?"

"Frightfully," Ethel assured her—"frightfully firm, and you should just see what a chin he has. It would make three of mine!"

"What did you say?" asked Mrs. Fielding.

"What could I say? I've already told you everything. I met him, as you know, at the Marchant-Mainwarings, and after our first introduction saw him almost every day during the following month. The night before I came home he proposed to me, and I—well, you know what I said. He then declared his intention of asking me again every six months and didn't seem to care in the least when I assured him that my answer would be just the same, however many times he asked me. Well, it is exactly six months today since the—the first time I told him that I couldn't think of marrying him."

"And he expressed his intention of staying here—in this house—till you said, 'Yes,'" put in Mrs. Fielding.

Ethel nodded.

"Then," was Mrs. Fielding's decision, "we must send for the police."

"Oh, no—no—no—no!" ejaculated Ethel, springing up. "Please don't do that. He's sure to go. He—he's very gentlemanly, mother, and I'm sure he'll behave himself if he does stop. Besides if he fought the policemen—and I'm sure he would fight—there'd be such a scandal!"

Yes, Mrs. Fielding agreed that the affair would give Market Norbury a month's food for tittle tattle if the strong arm of the law were to intervene.

"I will see the young person myself!" exclaimed the elder lady majestically.

"Don't be harsh, mother," said Ethel, blushing a little, "because, after all, you know he's"—

"Head over heels in love with you! Of course," rejoined Mrs. Fielding. "Of course he is. If he weren't, I should suspect him of having evil designs on the plate. Leave him to me, Ethel!"

So saying, Mrs. Fielding swept magnificently into the drawing room.

But severe as was her tone and stern her mien Dick Waterbury declined to budge. He apologized for the gross rudeness of his decision, but nevertheless refused to spike his guns and retire. During the altercation Mrs. Fielding discovered that he was a young gentleman of 25, with an ample income, and a small country seat that stood sadly in need of some one to look after it.

Twenty minutes later Mrs. Fielding returned to her daughter.

"My reasoning had no effect on him whatever," she informed Ethel; "none whatever. I suppose he must remain. He may be in a more sensible frame of mind in the morning. Don't let the servants know anything about the real state of things, but pretend that we have invited him to stay here and say his luggage will arrive in due course."

The result was: (1) That Mr. Richard Waterbury gained his point and staid at Pleasant View. (2) That only his fixed determination to win Ethel Fielding would have led him to take such a desperate step. (3) That Ethel by no means deceived the maternal judgment when she expressed herself indignantly about Dick and his resolution. (She let slip his name—Dick—several times unthinkingly.) (4) That it was the general opinion in the kitchen that the gentleman who had come so suddenly—without any luggage—was a "man in possession." (5) That he seemed to the kitchen a very well dressed man in possession. (6) That the gentleman immediately sat down and wrote a long letter, which was given to the housemaid to post. (7) That he wired to another address for some clothes. (8) That the letter was addressed to Mr. John Blunt, Friar's Court, Temple, London. (9) That, in the opinion of the kitchen, "Friar's Court" sounded like a low place for any gentleman's friends to live in.

* * * * * *

Dick Waterbury had been with the Fieldings a week and still showed no signs of departing from his resolution. He had soon made himself at home; he had broken the ice over the dinner table during the first night of his stay. Mrs. Fielding and her daughter had opened the ball by treating him with frigid politeness; but Dick had pretended not to notice their manner, and rattled on so gayly that he effectually dispersed the cold barrier which the ladies had attempted to place between themselves and their self invited guest.

After dinner he regaled them with comic songs, anecdotes and news of the day which had failed to penetrate to the fastnesses of Market Norbury. So very agreeable did he make himself, indeed, that by bedtime he had quite won Mrs. Fielding over to his side. Ethel kept very close to her mother all the evening, he noticed, and would neither play nor sing, although she could do both very nicely. On the following day his clothes arrived, and on the third day a letter, addressed to him in a bold, masculine hand. He appeared to peruse this letter with much interest, and the one he wrote in reply he delivered to the housemaid with special instructions that it was to be posted before 6 p. m., at which hour the Market Norbury mail cart was dispatched. The housemaid told the cook that for a man in possession the newcomer wrote a very elegant hand. This letter, too, was addressed to that low place, Friar's Court, Temple.

So, by the time Dick had been located at Pleasant View seven days he was quite on friendly—nay, intimate—terms with his hostess and her daughter. Every morning when he met the latter at the breakfast table, seizing an opportunity of course when Mrs. Fielding was not present, he had asked, "Will [illegible]" and Ethel had shaken her head very determinedly and made the most of the exceedingly dimpled chin, which only represented one-third of Mr. Waterbury's. During the whole of that week the Dick had never once been out. The kitchen commented severely on this point. It savored more of the "man in possession" than anything else he had done.

"He's been sent, and he's got to stop," was cook's verdict. "And mistress is making the best of a bad job by treating him as a gentleman guest. I've always understood that the poor master left her comf'table off, and I can't understand how she's lost her money. I suppose it's a mine or something. Thank goodness! I've got all my little savings wrapped up in a stocking and locked in my box!"

Seven days had gone—the seventh night had come, and still Ethel remained obdurate. But she paid, her mother noticed, considerable attention to her toilet and wore her prettiest dresses.

* * * * * *

What was that?

Mrs. Fielding sat up, bathed in cold perspiration.

What was—there it was again—scratching on the window? She listened—her heart beating a wild tattoo against her ribs. Yes—there again—somebody was trying to break in!

Only a sliding door separated Mrs. Fielding's room from her daughter's. Her teeth chattering in time with the wild throbbing of her pulse, Mrs. Fielding crept out of bed and, the sliding door being partly open, into her daughter's room. Ethel was slumbering peacefully, but a touch awoke her. There was a hurried explanation in whispers from Mrs. Fielding, and then the two women, clutching each other for comfort, stole into the outer bedroom and once more listened. The scratching had ceased, and only a shuffling sound could be heard. Then there were footsteps on the gravel walk, and then the scullery window (which was immediately beneath) was shot up with a force that denoted a careless haste on the part of the midnight intruder.

"A burglar!" exclaimed Ethel, pale to the lips, for she was only 19 and an ordinary girl with ordinary nerves.

Unconsciously her lips formed the word "Dick!"

"I'll wake Mr. Waterbury," said Mrs. Fielding. She tripped swiftly out of the room, down the passage, and rapped at her guest's door.

In almost less time than it takes to relate it Dick found himself standing at his door, in dressing gown and trousers, trying to instill some calmness into the troubled breasts of Mrs. Fielding, her daughter, the cook and the housemaid—for Mrs. Fielding had aroused the servants, there being comfort in numbers, even scared ones.

"Stop here," said Dick. "I'll go down. If he doesn't use arms I can manage him!"

So saying, he moved quietly down stairs, and the women, afraid to be left by themselves, followed him at a respectful distance. A few moments and the darkness had swallowed up Dick's form. An anxious interval followed, during which nothing could be heard.

Suddenly there were a crash of crockery and a savage exclamation; then another crash; then a whole series of crashes. The cook and housemaid shrieked with fright. Mrs. Fielding grasped the banisters and trembled. Ethel trembled, too, for Dick—yes, for Dick. She loved him; she knew it now. His life was in peril.

The house was filled with sounds of the struggle. A desperate fight was going on in the passage leading to the kitchen. The women could dimly discern the forms of the two men who, breathing in short, quick gasps, were struggling furiously for the mastery. Backward and forward they swayed, with clinched teeth and straining muscles. Still the women dared not move. The couple had fought their way down to the extreme end of the passage and were close to the scullery door. Suddenly a pistol shot rang out, there was a cry, a splintering of wood and a crash of glass, and the two vanished.

A few seconds later Dick returned, his dressing gown half torn off his back.

"He got away," he exclaimed. "But he didn't take anything. I'll get some things on and be off to the police station."

The women gazed at their hero with fond, admiring eyes. Once again they breathed freely. Slowly they moved up stairs—all but Ethel.

"Are you hurt?" she asked him, with infinite tenderness in her voice.

"Only a bruise or two," he replied. "I'll soon set the police on his track. But first"—

He took her hand in his.

"I said I would not leave the house," he began.

Ethel looked swiftly up the stairs to make sure they two were unobserved. Then she bent forward, quickly breathed "Yes" in his ear and fled to her room.

* * * * * *

The police never caught the burglar, who got back to Friar's Court quite safely, after catching the earliest train from a roadside station six miles from Market Norbury.

Ethel quite meant her "Yes," and in due time was married to the "man in possession," much to the cook and housemaid's wonderment.

And Mr. John Blunt, reading the wedding announcement, chuckled softly to himself.

"It was a good idea of Dick's!" was all he said.—Tit-Bits.

The tea plant is said by Chinese writers to have been cultivated in that country from at least 3000 B. C.

McKINLEY'S PLATFORM.

"The Republican party stands for honest money and the chance to earn it by honest toil."

BRYAN'S PLATFORM.

"The free and unlimited coinage of a 53-cent silver dollar and free trade."

Free Pills.

Send your address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a free sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills. A trial will convince you of their merits. These pills are easy in action and are particularly effective in the cure of constipation and sick headache. For malaria and liver troubles they have been proved invaluable. They are guaranteed to be perfectly free from every deleterious substance and to be purely vegetable. They do not weaken by their action, but by giving tone to stomach and bowels greatly invigorate the system. Regular size 25c per box. Sold by A. W. Colegrove and A. B. Armstrong & Co., druggists.

Many a day's work is lost by sick headache, caused by indigestion and stomach troubles. DeWitt's Little Early Risers are the most effectual pill for overcoming such difficulties. A. W. Colegrove, Smethport, A. E. Stickles, East Smethport.

If in need of screen doors or windows of any size, shape or style, Hamlin and Gilfillan have them to sell.

MR. STONE ON SILVER.

A Strong Speech by the Congressman from Allegheny.

FALLACY OF FREE COINAGE

What the Success of the Populistic Movement Would Mean.

PROTECTION AND SOUND MONEY.

He Says the Opinions of Bryan and Watson Are Revolutionary, or They Would Not Be Satisfactory to Altgeld and Tillman—There Cannot be Two Standards of Value so Long as the Nations We Trade With Have One.

Congressman William A. Stone made a strong speech in favor of protection and sound money at a big meeting in Allentown a few nights ago. He said in substance:

"The Republican party in convention at St. Louis declared for sound money and protection. The Democratic party in convention at Chicago declared for free coinage and free trade. The Democratic convention at Chicago was wild and revolutionary and did not represent the Democrats of this country. They are not fit to be trusted with the government—no more fit now than in 1860. We have struggled for four years under the conservative wing of the Democratic party—that wing which, while striking down our industries, has tried to protect life and property. We all know how hard it has been, but God deliver us from four years under the revolutionary wing of the Democratic party—that revolutionary wing which controlled at Chicago, under Altgeld and Tillman and Bryan.

"I know both Bryan and Watson. They are good men—I have nothing to say against them personally. I can say that they are both eloquent speakers. But that their opinions are wild and revolutionary is evidenced by the fact that they are satisfactory to Altgeld and Tillman. What I wish to impress upon you is that no matter if you want to try, or would be willing to try the experiment of free coinage, the cost of the experiment is too great. First, we have to vote square for candidates nominated on a free trade platform, and by that act admit that we have been wrong all these years about protection, and this with the wretched example of free trade before our eyes under the present Democratic administration, and we will do all this, my Republican friends, to try an experiment. This free coinage corn salve, warranted to cure in one night.

"It has always been the case that whenever any new question or issue is advanced that promises to better the condition of mankind men will be found in all parties who will advocate it, whether it is right or wrong. So it was with the greenback issue and all other issues that have been exploded and laid upon the shelf. The owners of silver mines have for years been trying to increase the market for silver and raise its price. They are banded together in an effort to persuade the American people that free coinage will benefit them. Their purpose is selfish, knowing that it will benefit no one but themselves and a few dishonest debtors who wish to pay their debts with cheap money. If free coinage of silver would benefit the people of this country, and if it would bring better times and ease the burdens of the greatest number of the people, I would be glad to see it adopted, and the Republican party would be quick to adopt it, but it is because it will not do good, but great harm, that the Republican party is opposed to this nation by itself adopting it.

The Republican party declared its purpose at St. Louis to preserve the parity of our money—to have one dollar of our money buy as much of anything as any other dollar would buy; to have our silver dollars buy as much as our gold dollar, as it does now anywhere in this country and in the world. But the convention that nominated Bryan at Chicago did not declare its purpose to preserve the parity of our money. They did not declare that a silver dollar under free coinage would buy as much as a gold dollar. Nowhere in their platform do they declare this to be their purpose. They simply declare for the free coinage of gold and silver at the ratio of 16 to 1 and let the consequences be what they may.

"If free coinage of silver would preserve the present value of a silver dollar as money the producers of that metal would make on the annual output nearly a hundred million of dollars, and no other living person would be benefited to the extent of a penny. But no one will have the audacity to claim before an intelligent audience that the present money value of a silver dollar would be preserved under free coinage. With silver at its present market value about fifty cents' worth is required to make a dollar. They claim free coinage would increase the market price of silver bullion. It might, for a time, stimulate the market under false expectations. But free coinage would undoubtedly increase the production of silver largely, and is it necessary to suggest to an intelligent audience that increased prices never followed increased production of any product, produced by civilized man? The annual silver product of the world is about 165,000,000 ounces, capable of being coined into about $200,000,000 of silver money. This country alone produced in 1894 nearly $64,000,000 of silver (coining value). There is no doubt that free coinage will largely increase this production. Now what is the proposition? It is that our mints shall coin free all the silver brought to them, whether it be bullion or silver teapots or shoe buckles. It is not confined to the silver produced in this country, but an Italian with silver earrings a half pound each can go to our mint and sit on the doorstep until they are coined into money.

"We could stand free coinage but for one thing, and that is that they propose to make the silver coined at 16 to 1 a legal tender for all debts, public and private. By 16 to 1 is meant that a silver dollar shall contain sixteen times as many grains as a gold dollar. No one would object so seriously if they were content with simple coinage, but when they demand that the silver coined shall be a legal tender—that means that I can pay a dollar of debt with a piece of money worth only 50 cents—it means that my wages can be paid in 50 cent dollars. It means that the pensioners and all who receive fixed amounts of salary or fees shall be paid in 50 cent dollars. It means that taxes can be paid in 50 cent dollars, as well as interest on all obligations. It means if I owe you a hundred dollars I can pay you with a hundred silver dollars, and they being a legal tender you have got to take them. But it does not mean that I am obliged to sell you a dollar's worth of sugar or meat or flour for a silver dollar. But if I sell on credit you may pay with a silver dollar, but knowing that silver dollars are only worth 50 cents I will not sell you a dollar's worth of sugar or meat until you agree in what kind of money you are to pay me, and if it is silver you will only get 50 cents' worth. [illegible]

FREE SILVER IN MEXICO.

Low Wages and High Prices—An Engineer's Experience.

The friends of free silver try to persuade us that it would not matter if the United States did go on a silver basis and was reduced to the same condition as Mexico (as it would be), "because," they say, "labor in Mexico is very highly paid." Is it? That is what a correspondent of Dixie, the Southern newspaper, writes from Mexico—and no one will claim that Dixie is a goldbug organ or is interested in misleading railway men. The correspondent writes:

I was amused at the way one of the conductors with whom I talked referred to his salary. I asked him what his position was worth. "Well," he said, "that's a pretty hard question to answer. When the month is up the paymaster hands me out 150 Mexican dollars, and it depends upon what the market price of those dollars happens to be on that particular day as to what amount I have earned during the month. Sometimes the dollars are worth 55 cents each, sometimes 52 cents each, sometimes more or less, but the truth of it is I never know what I have earned until I investigate and learn the market quotations on Mexican dollars."

"Well," I said, "how do your expenses in Mexico compare with expenses that you would have in the United States?"

"My expenses in Mexico are greater," he said. "For a while I was on the upper end of the road, and boarded at San Antonio, Tex. There I paid $18 per month board. Now I am boarding in Torreon, and pay $40 per month board in Mexican money. But what goes hardest with me is that I have to pay so much for wearing apparel. If I could wear what is made here in Mexico I could get it very cheaply, but I have to buy American shirts, American shoes and hats, and, indeed, practically everything I wear comes from the United States. They don't manufacture articles of a character here in Mexico suitable for our use, so when I buy a pair of shoes I have to pay double the value and the duty added. That makes this pair of shoes that I am wearing worth $7.50 in Mexican money, and I could buy the same shoes in Texas for $2.50 or $3. The same is true about everything that I wear, and I'll tell you the truth, friend, when I've paid my board and settled for the things that I've been compelled to buy during the month I wouldn't be a welcome guest in a poker game."

What Free Silver Coinage Would Mean.

An honest dollar is a coin that will be accepted for 100 cents in any part of the commercial world.

The gold dollar contains 25.82 grains of pure gold. Put it in the pot and melt it into bullion and you do not destroy its value. It is an honest dollar.

Put the silver dollar in the pot and melt it down and it is worth about 53 cents. It contains 371.25 grains of pure silver and passes for 100 cents.

Why does this coin, worth but 53 cents, pass for one dollar?

Simply because the government undertakes to float it at its face value, and relies upon its gold reserve to do so.

Suppose the gold reserve to disappear. Suppose every dollar in gold to flee the country. Suppose the government, no longer able to rely upon its credit, can no longer maintain that silver dollar at par. What then?

Come, ye farmers of Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Delaware and Maryland, what would happen?

The silver dollar, which passes for 100 cents, no longer bolstered up by gold, would be worth exactly its melting pot value—its bullion value at the market price.

With this depreciated currency in your hands, what would happen to you? You would be ruined.

This is the long and short of this free silver business. Vote for free silver if you will, but make all your preparations in advance for bankruptcy.

Further, let us suppose you have $1,000 worth of stock, which is a safe investment in a building and loan association, your certificate dated, we will say, July 1, 1896, payable to you in full value when it is due, say 1900. You paid for it in silver, and you cannot ask for anything but silver; you vote for silver, showing your confidence. They pay you in silver, which means 53 cents against every 100 cents you have invested and waited years for. Is that a good bargain, or do you want 100 cents, which will buy full value? Draw this money out and melt it up; you get $530 instead of $1,000. Suppose you deposited gold, and the society pays you in silver. What is to prevent them from buying $1,000 worth of silver bullion, having it coined and give to you silver dollars to represent 100 cents, they retaining the 47 cents; or from your investment they make 47 cents and you lose it? The working man receives this blow every time. That is why he should work against free silver.

HOW PARITY IS MAINTAINED.

Explanation as to the Effects of Limited and Unlimited Coinage.

In reply to a question from a life insurance policy holder as to the effects of free and unlimited silver coinage, Secretary Carlisle wrote:

"In case free coinage of silver should be established in this country, I presume insurance companies and all other institutions would continue to make their payments by checks and drafts on banks as heretofore. In my opinion the whole volume of our currency would sink at once to the silver basis and these checks and drafts would be paid in silver dollars or their equivalent, instead of gold or its equivalent, as is now the case.

"I presume no one supposes for a moment that it would be the duty of the government to attempt to keep the standard silver dollar, coined free for private individuals and corporations, equal in value to a gold dollar, or, in other words, that it would be the duty of the government to attempt under a system of free coinage to maintain the parity of the two metals. The dollars would be coined on private account and delivered to private individuals and corporations as their own property, the government having no interest whatever in them, and being, therefore, under no obligation to sustain them by guaranteeing their value.

"Under our existing system all silver dollars are coined on account of the government and are issued by the government in payment of its expenditures and other obligations, and it would be an act of bad faith, therefore, to permit them to depreciate."

Fair Indication.

"Does Miss Gushington's father look with favor on your suit?"

"I think so. He always lets me pay for the drinks."—Detroit Free Press.

The Nature of the Change.

Jones—I hear that Brown has had a change for the better.

Smith—Yes—changed his doctor.—Brooklyn Life.

If you have ever seen a little child in the agony of summer complaint, you can realize the danger of the trouble and appreciate the value of [illegible] always afforded by De Witt's Colic & Cholera Cure. For dysentery and diarrhoea it is a reliable remedy. [illegible]

DANA TO [illegible]

The Venerable [illegible] to Encourage [illegible] Socialism.

CANNOT SUPPORT [illegible]

War Democrat in [illegible] Money Democrat [illegible]

A STRONG PERSONAL [illegible]

He Advises All [illegible] to Vote for the McKinley [illegible] Present [illegible] Duty of the Hour [illegible] the Chicago Platform [illegible] Implies.

The venerable Charles A. [illegible] distinguished editor of the [illegible] refuses now, when [illegible] threaten the welfare of the [illegible] port the so called Democratic [illegible] stoutly as in 1861 he [illegible] when it threatened the [illegible] Union. He then became [illegible] was appointed by President [illegible] tant secretary of war, in [illegible] he rendered inestimable [illegible] to the country. Now he is [illegible] money Democrat, and as [illegible] staunchest of Democrats, [illegible] of his party to vote for the [illegible] tors. The following, which [illegible] signed editorial in the [illegible] speaks for itself:

Some personal response [illegible] to the numerous friends who [illegible] from me an expression of [illegible] opinion as to the duty in [illegible] litical campaign of those who [illegible] the principles which hitherto [illegible] acterized the Democratic party.

The declaration of [illegible] the name of the Democracy by [illegible] convention is for the most part [illegible] to the doctrines which have [illegible] the Democratic party in the past, [illegible] mand its rejection by all those who [illegible] not abandon the Democracy's [illegible] ideas and best traditions.

The Chicago platform [illegible] tablish a currency which [illegible] man to pay his debts with half as [illegible] property as he would have to [illegible] to pay them now. This proposition [illegible] honest. I do not say that all the advocates of the free coinage of [illegible] honest. Thousands of them, [illegible] there be so many, are doubtless [illegible] intention. But I am unable to [illegible] with any ideal of integrity a change in the law which will permit a man who has borrowed a hundred [illegible] with a hundred dollars, each one of which is worth only half as much as [illegible] he received from the lender.

The Chicago platform [illegible] of the appointing power of the [illegible] in such a way as to control [illegible] judiciary in deciding questions of constitutional law. It contemplates a change in the personnel of the supreme court of the United States, so that [illegible] cent decision declaring the income tax unconstitutional may be reversed. [illegible] times, indeed, are these, when a [illegible] told that, in order to be a Democrat, he must favor the imposition of an income tax and the destruction of the independence of the judiciary!

Still more alarming is the clearly implied approval of lawless violence contained in the denunciation of what is denominated in the platform "government by injunction." Veiled in the language of moderation, the wild light of anarchy shines through.

In my opinion, without reviewing the Chicago platform further, the declarations in regard to the currency, the supreme court, and the income tax, and the suppression of forcible lawlessness by the aid of injunctions, are enough to demand the rejection by all good citizens and the defeat of the candidates who stand upon it.

I regret exceedingly to find a disposition quite prevalent to array the west against the east in the discussion of these questions. I see no occasion for making our differences sectional. Here there is no political hostility toward the west, such as is expressed toward the east by some western newspapers and public speakers. Good citizens can perhaps best aid the cause of honest money and law and order by devoting more time to rational argument and less to inefficient abuse.

All questions relating to the tariff have become insignificant for the time being, in view of the possibility, however slight, that the abhorrent principles of the Chicago platform may prevail. The duty and the necessity to compass the final overthrow of that platform by assisting in the defeat of William J. Bryan are most imperative and solemn. This may most certainly be accomplished by voting for the electors pledged to the support of William McKinley, but I have no quarrel with any Democrat who adopts any other course which seems to him equally well adapted or better adapted to the same end.

C. A. DANA.

Free Silver and the Missions.

The foreign missionary boards are very properly agitating a question which may confront them in case the gold standard should not be maintained in this country. Those familiar with the [illegible] are [illegible] to know that the salaries of missionaries, the expense of [illegible] the missions, their schools and churches, including everything, must be paid in gold. The boards are forced to do business on a gold basis. It is stated that [illegible] in China will not recognize [illegible] for the payment of missionary [illegible] unless it is marked "gold." Of course, if the silver craze succeeds at the approaching election, the missionary societies of all denominations will have to cut down their expenses one-half or receive twice as much from their constituents. Nearly all these organizations are still struggling with debts. Take the American board, for example. Six months ago it was free from debt, but the figures just made public giving the receipts for the last ten months show a falling off of some [illegible], with no hope that it can be made up as the current year will soon close. No wonder the missionary societies are alarmed.—[illegible] Transcript.

The Shakers [illegible]

It is said, but the shaker who shakes [illegible] he can't help it is by no means a happy [illegible] ideal. So shakes the [illegible] chills and fever. [illegible]

The [illegible]

Fish [illegible]

McKean County Miner
PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY.

SMETHPORT, FRIDAY, AUG. 14, 1896.

REPUBLICAN TICKET.

ELECTORS-AT-LARGE.
[illegible] Joseph Wharton,
[illegible] Lyman D. Gilbert,

DISTRICT ELECTORS.
[illegible] Henry C. Freyoys,
[illegible] [illegible]
[illegible] Frederick [illegible],
[illegible] [illegible] Miller,
[illegible] [illegible]
[illegible] George F. [illegible],
[illegible] [illegible] White,
[illegible] William C. Randolph,
[illegible] [illegible] Worthallner,
[illegible] [illegible]
[illegible] Edward K. Abrams,
[illegible] [illegible]
[illegible] William Kilmer,
[illegible] Joseph C. Campbell

FOR PRESIDENT,
WILLIAM McKINLEY

FOR VICE PRESIDENT
GARRETT A. HOBART

FOR CONGRESSMEN AT LARGE,
GALUSHA A. GROW,
SAMUEL A. DAVENPORT

FOR CONGRESS,
CHAS. W. STONE.

FOR STATE SENATOR,
A. S. HANSON

Subject to decision of Senatorial Conference.

FOR REPRESENTATIVES,
HERMAN H. NORTH
R. A. DEMPSEY

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY,
SHERIDAN GORTON

FOR PROTHONOTARY, ETC.
GEO. W. MITCHELL

FOR SHERIFF,
J. FRED DAVIS

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONERS,
WILLIAM A. YOUNG,
LEMUEL DAVIS

FOR COUNTY AUDITORS,
A. C. CANNON, JR.,
C. W. FREEMAN

The Prohibitionists of McKean county will hold their convention in Bradford Tuesday next.

It begins to look now as though the Democratic ticket would lose both its tails, Sewell and Watson both being dropped, which will result in the selection of Sibley.

United States Senator John Sherman will open the campaign at Columbus, Ohio, tomorrow. The Senator has been an active factor in all the important moves on the political chess board since 1854, a period of 42 years.

The Republicans of the first Congressional district of Maine displayed excellent judgment in the renomination of the Hon. Thomas B. Reed to the Lower House of Congress. This is the tenth term they have selected him as their standard bearer.

With the rumors that are current and the one that a certain committee on the Democratic ticket is not holding by our downtown contemporary, it leaves some room for a doubt among some factions of the Democratic party as to whether our neighbor is of the Pohlmanian type or some other type.

Great crowds gathered at every station along the whole route from Lincoln, Nebraska, to New York City to obtain a glimpse of the boy orator Bryan, of the Platte. Having had their curiosity satisfied and that he is only an ordinary mortal, most of them will in November cast their votes for McKinley.

The old Pine tree State is right to the front, even though one of her sons has received a vice presidential nomination on the free silver ticket. Out of 137 newspapers only 7 favor Bryan and Sewell. Early in September old Maine will fire the first effective gun in the campaign by giving McKinley and Hobart 25,000 majority.

The conferees of the 25th Senatorial district, comprising the counties of McKean, Potter and Tioga met at the St. James, Bradford, last Wednesday night. The roll was called but no nomination was made. The conference adjourned and met at 10 a.m. yesterday and again adjourned to meet at Coudersport Monday, Aug 24.

Not receiving a copy of last week's Democrat, our attention was called to an attempted (for attack on us by the editor of that sheet. We do not feel called upon to discuss important political events of the day with a man who has been kicked body and breeches out of the Democratic party. He having as following, cannot "cut any ice."

Our down town contemporary, after receiving a sound berating from the county Democracy, is gradually coming into line and before November will be found shouting as loud as any one for Bryan and Sewell. But, as he is not in touch with any faction of the Democratic party, he will undoubtedly do more for sound money and protection by this step than he would by fighting for it. A "knock" from the Democrat is a "plug" in politics.

A dispatch from Harrisburg announces the ascent of Hon. Geo. Kunkle as a candidate for legislature. It also says he will be a candidate for Speaker of the next House as this will be his third term as a member of that body. He has a perfect right to be a candidate but he might as well understand that he will have another 3d term candidate to contest for that position who he will find "worthy of his steel." That gentleman will represent McKean county in the next legislature and his name is Herman H. North, Kane Republican.

Right you are Col., and to this neck of the woods the speakership of the House belongs. Mr. North would be a capable and efficient presiding officer of the lower house of the State Legislature.

In some unaccountable manner the bombshell that was fired by the free silver Democracy of McKean county at Wm. Singerly of the Philadelphia Record last week did not seem to annihilate the old Democrat that was the standard bearer of Pennsylvania's Democracy two years ago. Mr. Singerly is not showing proper respect to such bright lights in the Bryan aggregation as intimated the resolution that [illegible] him out of the party [illegible]. But the [illegible] are that these [illegible] will act as a [illegible] he [illegible] [illegible] would be [illegible] flying through space, when Singerly [illegible] of the [illegible] and gives it a good pull, as he undoubtedly will before the campaign is ended.

FREE-SILVER PRICES.

Below will be found quotations taken from Bradstreet's of last week. They are non partisan and for that reason should have weight with the voters of the country. Every business man will watch Bradstreet's or Dun's on matters relating to his affairs and will generally follow their advice. And the questions herein placed before the voter relate to his interest, and he should use the same good judgment in politics, that he would in his own private affairs.

Prices of certain common articles of produce in Mexico are given in a communication by Consul-General Crittenden, just made public. Among the prices given by him the following will attract attention, viz. Ham, uncured, from $3 to $3.35 an arroba of twenty-five pounds, ham, cured, from 30 to 60 cents a pound, breakfast bacon, 50 cents a pound, beef, not choice parts, 10 cents a pound, beef, choice parts, from 15 to 20 cents a pound, mutton, from 10 to 15 cents per pound, wheat, from $9 to $10 a carga—300 pounds, corn has ranged from $7 30 to $8 a carga. The consul says he thinks corn has risen in price to $9 a carga, and, as the crop is quite short in many parts of Mexico, the price will continue to rise unless the government removes the tax and admits it free. Suffering is apprehended in some parts of Mexico in consequence of the failure of the annual rains. Rye and oats are not raised in Mexico to any extent, sugar, refined, is quoted at 8 cents per pound. Some of the prices above given are remarkably high. They are in Mexican currency with the exchange at from $1 85 to $1 90 that is, $1 of the United States gold, silver or paper equals $1.83 or $1.90 in Mexican silver or paper. The bulk of imported articles are high, and the cost of transportation, duties, commissions and exchange enter into the high prices as a rule.

A LIE NAILED.

According to the Springfield "Republican" the Democrats are defending their criticism of the Supreme Court by printing extracts from the speeches of Charles Sumner, in which he mercilessly lashed the Court for its Dred Scott decision and one of these speeches the Republican intimates, was delivered on September 7, 1854. We have not seen in the papers the extracts referred to, but no speech delivered by Sumner, or any body else in 1854 could have mercilessly lashed the Court for its Dred Scott decision. The judgement of the Supreme Court in that case was not made until March 6 1857 two days after President Buchanan was inaugurated. A few persons, however, outside of the Court knew two or three months earlier in a general way what the judgment would be, but nobody knew it in 1854. Nine months before the Dred Scott decision was made public, Sumner was assailed by Brooks, and incapacitated for speech making until 1860.

A GOOD ROADS CAMPAIGN

The Deputy Secretary of the Department of Agriculture at Harrisburg, John Hamilton has determined to enter on a campaign for better roads, and has issued his first bulletin on the subject entitled "Good Roads." Mr. Hamilton does not pretend that any considerable portion of the road mileage of Pennsylvania can be said to fall under this category. He assumes, however, that good roads are a necessity in the near future, and warns the farmers that if they do not give the State a good road system within the next twenty years someone else will do it and the farmers will have to foot the bills.

The most valuable portion of Mr. Hamilton's bulletin is in the statistics showing the annual cost to the tax payers of the roads that are not good. He states that the public roads of the State, exclusive of the streets in cities and boroughs and of the turnpikes upon which tolls are collected, aggregate about 80,000 miles, upon which were expended during the year ending May 31, 1897, $3,808,573.36, or at the rate of $48 73 per mile. In plain terms, nearly $4,000,000 per year, at the rate of $50 per mile, are as good as wasted upon the highways of Pennsylvania, for no one with a wide knowledge of the subject will pretend that the highways of the State as a whole, show any marked improvement for the annual outlay of this large sum.

The primary fault is that no uniform system of making roads is required. Every road supervisor is a law unto himself, and he usually applies the road taxes according to his own views, which are that the money can best be applied on a patch work plan, which has to be patched each succeeding year. The $50 per mile a year, which if judiciously applied by the aid of modern road machinery, would keep a good road in good repair, won't keep a bad road in good repair, and, as the majority of roads are badly constructed, the money is simply wasted in repairing the irreparable.

One of the duties that Secretary Hamilton has taken upon himself is that of lecturing at farmers' institutes, and if he will invariably lecture upon the subject of better roads and devote his leisure moments to the preparation of some effective legislation upon the subject, he may possibly induce the farmers to consent to its enactment. Good roads would be of the greatest benefit to the farmers, and by the use of admirable road machinery now available good roads should be possible without an oppressive outlay. If a good system of highways were to be constructed the amount now expended in annual repairs would be sufficient to maintain them in good order.

What is wanted first of all is a sensible and as nearly uniform as possible method of constructing highways that will be obligatory upon all sections of the country. With this as a beginning the highway system of the State could be rapidly improved, and without this no permanent improvement is possible.—Philadelphia Times.

Fifty well known Generals of the Union army, Democrats and Republicans, led by Generals Sickles, Howard, Franklin, Sigel and Porter, have issued a stirring appeal to all surviving soldiers and sailors of the war for the Union, and to all sons of such veterans to rally in support of the national credit and honor, of law and order, assailed in the Chicago platform by voting for Major McKinley and Mr. Hobart. "The sons of the fathers who followed the flag from 1861 to 1865 should defend the blessings secured to them by the services, the sufferings and the valor of their sires. Therefore we invite all sons of veteran sires to unite with us in this campaign against national dishonor." All veterans and sons of veterans, throughout the country are asked to send their addresses to the secretary, Col. L. Edwin Dudley, at 1 East Ninth street, New York city.

What causes bad dreams is a question that has never been satisfactorily answered, but, in nine cases out of ten, [illegible] the result of [illegible] [illegible] Ayer's [illegible]

WASHINGTON LETTER.

(From our Special Correspondent.)

WASHINGTON, Aug. 10, 1896.—McKinley and Hobart are not only going to be triumphantly elected, but, according to the news now being received by the Republican Congressional Committee, they are going to carry most if not all, of the silver States. Lieutenant-Governor Mirbauer of Idaho writes for McKinley and Hobart literature and says he and Governor McConnell are whooping things up for the ticket, and Senator Shoup of the same State verbally states his belief that Idaho will cast her electoral votes for McKinley and protection. A letter received from Utah says, "some of the Republicans here are off on the free silver tangent, but they do not like blue eyed Billie's tariff speeches, and between free silver and free trade they will probably stick to the old party." A Californian writes, "There are lots of people here who are against free coinage. I am an old soldier and so am for McKinley, who was a brave soldier himself, while Bryan was neither a soldier nor the son of a soldier." Chairman Post of the Nebraska State Committee, sends this Napoleonic message, "We are going to carry this State for McKinley. There is no possible doubt of that."

The Republican Campaign text book is out, and it is a corker, well worth the price asked for it ($1 a copy). The issue of the campaign are put into A B, C's as follows.

American honor and American interests. Business, the source of employment; Emigrants who are willing to live without robbing other men of employment, Financial integrity and money enough to pay all bills. Gold and silver, equal dollars for all business. Home markets for American products, Imports must always be kept below the exports. Judiciary of the United States must not be tampered with, Keep in the middle of the road. Labor employed means elevation, dignity and education for the home. McKinley and Hobart elected means business and employment. Nation's honor must be maintained. Ownership of railroads by National Government opposed by Republican party. Pensions for the veterans of the war equal to the pledges of the Nation, Quorum counting by Speaker Reed justified now by Democrats. Revenue collected equal to expenditures, a necessity. Silver dollars as good as gold, the Republican demand. Tariff to protect American labor and encourage home industry. United States the hope of universal liberty and law. Voters have an opportunity vote for McKinley and business. Wages means home education and comfort to the toiler. Cross-Roads Republicanism or Populism—which way? Your opportunity to restore business vote it. Zeal in the campaign will win the victory.

Ex Congressman Mudd of Maryland thinks the Silver wave is rapidly receding in that State, and that its electoral votes are safe for McKinley and Hobart. He expresses the opinion that the silver strength was at its highest point during the last two weeks in July, and that it has been losing ground since that time owing to the strong arguments presented by the opponents of the Independent Free Coinage of silver by this Government under existing conditions.

It is believed by those who have been at great trouble to ascertain the state of public sentiment all over the country that were it not for the efforts of the speculators, in the interest of their deals and proposed deals in stock and other securities which would be affected, to make the result of the present campaign appear to be in doubt, it would be clearly apparent to everybody, as it already is to those who are managing McKinley and Hobart's campaign, that the people intend to register a great triumph in November for an honest currency, the preservation of the public credit, and the return of prosperity through the raising of an adequate revenue for the maintainance of the Government by the imposition of such tariffs on foreign goods as will give the advantage in competing for the home market to Americans. Even while the Popocrats are talking about making silver converts through Bryan's oratory in New York City, Ex-Secretary Whitney is assuring the country that McKinley will carry New York by 200,000.

The call for a gold Democratic convention, to meet at Indianapolis, September 2, has aroused no interest in Washington. If the gold Democrats wish to amuse themselves that way, nobody will object.

A GREAT many sound money Democrats say they cannot support McKinley because he has not squarely defined his position on the financial question. Below will be found an extract from one of his recent speeches that ought to satisfy the most skeptical.

"When the war closed there were two great debts resting upon this government. One was the debt due the men who had loaned the government money with which to carry on its military operations. The other debt was due to the men who had willingly offered their lives for the preservation of the American Union.

The old soldiers waited on their pensions until this great debt of the government was well out of the way. They waited patiently until the government of the United States had reduced nearly two thirds of that great debt. The old soldiers were never in favor of repudiating that. They wanted that debt paid in the best money known to the commercial world.

And every dollar of that debt up to this hour has been paid in gold or its equivalent, the best recognized money in the world, and every dollar of that debt, my comrades, yet to be paid will be paid in the same unquestioned coin."

How many farmers have secured wide tired wagons for use in hauling heavy loads in the fields or on the road? It saves cutting up the soil, saves your horse-flesh, and is of great benefit to the public highways.

$100 Reward, $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages and that is catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address, F. J. CHENEY & CO,
Toledo, O.

☞Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Don't trifle away time when you have cholera morbus or diarrhoea. Fight them in the beginning with DeWitt's Colic & Cholera Cure. You don't have to wait for results, they are instantaneous, and it leaves the bowels in a healthy condition. A. W. Colegrove, Smethport, A. B. Stickles, East Smethport.

"Boys will be boys," but you can't afford to lose any of them. Be ready for the green apple season by having DeWitt's Colic & Cholera Cure in the house. A. W. Colegrove, Smethport. A. E. Stickles, East Smethport.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral [illegible]

Ex-Governor Simon B. Buckner, the Confederate General of Fort Donaldson fame, gives his views of the Bryan Altgeld platform and ticket as formulated at Chicago, in an anecdote about an old revolutionary musket that covers the ground completely. Gov. Buckner declares that the Chicago platform is not a Democratic platform and is not binding upon Democratic voters. He says of it

"In viewing this remarkable relic of the Democratic party one involuntarily recurs to the story of the revolutionary musket."

"'Here,' said an old gentleman to his young friend, 'is a family relic of which I am proud, and the sight of which should inspire in your heart feelings of the loftiest patriotism. It is a musket borne by my father in the Revolutionary war and before its deadly aim many a red coat has bit the dust in that struggle for human liberty.'

The young man handled the venerable relic tenderly and reverently. After long and patriotic contemplation he at length ventured to ask

'But where is the bayonet?'

'Oh,' said the old man, 'one of the boys was poking for a coon in a hollow tree and broke it, and the pieces are lost.'

'Where is the ramrod?'

'Why that was splintered so badly that I had a new one made of iron at the blacksmith shop.'

'But,' said his young friend, 'these look like fresh marks on the stock.'

'Oh yes,' was the reply, 'Jim broke the stock cracking hickory nuts last year, and I had a new one made.'

'Why this don't look like a very old barrel.'

'Well, the barrel busted last hog-killing time, so I've got a brand new one.'

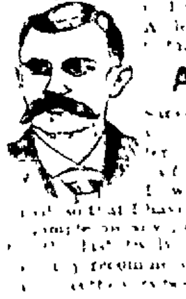
'I didn't know,' said the young man 'that they used percussion locks in the revolutionary musket.'

'I believe,' responded the old gentleman hesitatingly 'that the touch hole is left.'

And that is about all that is left of Democracy in the Chicago platform of 1896.

SPECIFIC
FOR SCROFULA.

Since childhood I have been afflicted with scrofulous boils and sores which caused me terrible suffering. Physicians were unable to help me [illegible]



[illegible] At length I began to take

AYER'S

Sarsaparilla, and [illegible] [illegible] After [illegible] I was completely [illegible] I have not had a boil or pimple on any part of my body [illegible] I can [illegible] recommend Ayer's Sarsaparilla [illegible]

AYER'S
THE ONLY WORLD'S FAIR
Sarsaparilla

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral cures Coughs and Colds

Notice.

In the matter of the assignment of Chas. H. Moore for the benefit of creditors. | In the Court of Common Pleas of McKean County, Pa. No. [illegible] February Term 189[illegible]

TO ALL PARTIES CONCERNED: Fred E. [illegible] and [illegible] W. Smith, Assignees of Chas. H. Moore for the benefit of creditors having presented their petition for an order discharging them from their said trust and their bondsmen from further liability, a rule to show cause was granted returnable September [illegible] A. D. 1896 at 2 o'clock p.m. and an order will be made at the opening of Court at 2 o'clock p.m. of the said day, discharging said Assignees from their trust and their bondsmen from liability, unless cause to the contrary is shown.

GEO. W. MITCHELL
Prothonotary.

Smethport, Pa., June 21st, 1896.

Notice.

Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the Judges of the Court of Common Pleas, Quarter Sessions, etc. at a session thereof to be held at Smethport, Pa., on [illegible] September 8th, A. D. 1896, for the transfer to me [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] now residing at the Pierce House in the First Ward of the City of Bradford, my present occupation being that of hotel clerk, of a certain license for a hotel known as the Pierce House, situate on the West side of Davis street, in the First Ward of the City of Bradford, Pa., at No. [illegible] and [illegible] Davis street, which license was on the 15th day of May 1896, granted to one Edwin E. [illegible] to commence and be in force and effect on June 1st, A. D. 1896, for one year.

E. A. COLEMAN

An Ordinance

Relating to the building, construction, maintainance and repairing of sidewalks in the borough of Smethport, and fixing the time to be given to property owners to build, relay or repair the same after notice.

Be it ordained and enacted by the Burgess and town Council of the borough of Smethport and it is hereby enacted by authority of the same that from and after the passage of this ordinance the owners or occupiers of property abutting upon any of the streets in the Borough of Smethport and along which sidewalks are now or may hereafter be required shall be given twenty days notice to build, relay or repair as the case may be said sidewalk or sidewalks, before the same shall be built, relayed or repaired by the said Borough.

FRANK KEENS
Pres. of Council.

Attest
A. T. PALMER,
Secretary.

Passed June 15th, 1896.

Approved this 15th day of June, 1896.
F. D. HOPKINS
Burgess.

Auditor's Notice.

Estate of John Hoffenberk, late of Ceres Township, McKean County Pennsylvania, deceased. | In the Orphans' Court of McKean County, Pennsylvania.

No. 2[illegible], June Term 1896.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned auditor appointed by the court above named to distribute the funds remaining in the hands of Charles A. Wolcott, administrator of the said estate, as shown by his second and final account, will attend to the duties of his said appointment at his office in the borough of Smethport, McKean county, Pennsylvania, on Tuesday August 25th, A. D. 1896, at 9 o'clock a. m., at which time and place all persons having claims on the said fund will present the same or forever be debarred from participating in the said fund.

JOHN N. APPLE, Auditor.
Smethport, Pa., July 21, 1896. [illegible]

License Transfer Notice.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT AN APPLICATION will be made to the Court of Quarter Sessions of McKean county, at Smethport, Pa., on Monday the 17th day of August, 1896, at 10 o'clock a.m., to transfer the wholesale liquor license granted May 18, 1896, to James F. Kealy to sell liquors, etc., at No. [illegible] Fraley street, in Second Ward of the borough of Kane. The names of the persons to whom said license is proposed to be transferred are Francis Fr[illegible] and John H. Haley, residing in the borough of Kane, McKean Co., Pa.

H. K. SHAFFER,
Att'y for Petitioners.

Smethport, Pa., July 27, 1896. [illegible]

NEW
WAGON and CARRIAGE
SHOP.

Having purchased the wood work department of C. W. Lilgendall, I am prepared to do all kinds of

WAGON and CARRIAGE WORK.

CARRIAGE PAINTING done in latest style.

JOHN SERVATIUS, Smethport, Pa.

Are you Going
to buy a

Mower, Reaper or Binder?

Wm. Masser is agent for the JOHNSTON HARVESTING CO., of Batavia, N.Y. He will be pleased to show Machines and quote prices. Also Walker, Stratman & Co.'s Fertilizers, at low prices.

WILLIAM MASSER.

Heart Disease Cured

By Dr. Miles' Heart Cure.

Fainting, Weak or Hungry Spells, Irregular or Intermittent Pulse, Fluttering or Palpitation, Choking Sensation, Shortness of Breath, Swelling of Feet and Ankles, are symptoms of a diseased or Weak Heart.

MRS. M. C. MILLER

Of Fort Wayne, Ind., writes on Nov. 23, 1894: "I was afflicted for forty years with heart trouble and suffered untold agony. I had weak hungry spells, and my heart would palpitate so hard, the pain would be so acute and torturing, that I became so weak and nervous I could not sleep. I was treated by several physicians without relief and gave up ever being well again. About two years ago I commenced using Dr. Miles' Remedies. One bottle of the Heart Cure stopped all heart troubles and the Restorative Nervine did the rest, and now I sleep soundly and attend to my household and social duties without any trouble."

Sold by druggists. Book sent free. Address Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

Dr. Miles' Remedies Restore Health.

Novelty Restaurant.

THOMAS YOUNG, PROP'R.

A PLACE FOR
WARM MEALS, and everything to tickle the palate.

HEADQUARTERS FOR
ICE CREAM and CONFECTIONERY.

A CONSTANT SUPPLY OF
CIGARS & TOBACCO.

SEE TOM ABOUT IT.

Rare Bargains!

A New Line of
Goods at Prices that
defy Competition.

Why pay [illegible] for [illegible] [illegible] best [illegible] [illegible] Northern Light [illegible] and Hat Rose [illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible] [illegible] slippers [illegible]
[illegible] [illegible] $1 [illegible]
[illegible] [illegible] [illegible] $1 [illegible] $1 12
There R [illegible] best
Heavy [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] $ [illegible]
$1 [illegible] Bedstead [illegible] $2 [illegible]
In [illegible] [illegible] These are right [illegible]
Ants [illegible] [illegible] There is the regular [illegible] [illegible]
Best heavy No. [illegible] elevated stove $10 [illegible]
Best [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]
[illegible] [illegible] [illegible]
[illegible] [illegible] [illegible] $1 [illegible]
Leave your order [illegible] measure for [illegible]
[illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

A. E. STICKLES,
RACKET STORE.
EAST SMETHPORT, PA.

Mention the Miner when writing or calling

PLANTS.
SEASONABLE OFFERS.

GERANIUMS [illegible] 4 in. pots, [illegible] $1 00 [illegible] per dozen.
MME SALLEROI, [illegible] pots 75c per dozen
AGERATUM, blue, [illegible] pots, 50c, per dozen
ASTER PLANTS, Semple's, white and pink [illegible] per dozen.
[illegible] branching [illegible] per dozen
mixed splendid varieties [illegible] per doz
COLEUS, Verschaffelti, Golden Bedder and 20 other beautiful varieties 50c per dozen
CUPHEA, Cigar Plant [illegible] per dozen
CENTAUREA, Dusty Miller 40c per dozen
COBAEA SCANDENS beautiful flowering vine, $1 doz
CANNAS best sorts 4 in. pots $1 [illegible] per dozen
CYPERUS, Umbrella Plant, 4 in. pots $1 50 per doz
CHRYSANTHEMUMS best varieties, $1 00 per dozen
FEVERFEW Little Beauty 4 in. pots $2 00 per doz
FUCHSIAS, Little Beauty the best variety ever introduced $[illegible] per dozen
GERANIUMS Ivy [illegible] per dozen.
fancy leaved in beautiful var., $1 [illegible]
GREVILLEA ROBUSTA $1 00 per dozen
GERMAN DAISIES, Snow Crest 50c per doz
HELIOTROPE, $1 00 per dozen
HYDRANGEAS, Otaksa 4 in. pots $1.50 per dz.
MIMULUS, Tigrinus 50c per dozen
PANSY PLANTS, Giant, best var. 50c per doz
ROSE PLANTS, Tea, $1 00 per dozen
SALVIA, Splendens, $1 00 per dozen
SWEET PEA, seed, separate colors or mixed, [illegible] oz.
SMILAX [illegible] per doz
TUBEROSE bulbs [illegible] per doz
VERBENAS, mammoth all colors, [illegible] per doz
Here you are for Vases, Window Boxes Baskets, Etc
VINCA, THUNBERGIA, SAXIFRAGE, MAURANDIA, LINARIA, NIEREMBERGIA, LOBELIA, SWEET ALYSSUM, 50c per doz.

¼ or ½ doz at doz. rates.
Cash with order or C. O. D. from unknown customers.
Will add enough plants to pay express. All plants are warranted first class. Cut flowers of all kinds constantly on hand. Design work a specialty for Weddings, Parties and Funerals.
Phones store No. 23 Greenhouse, No. 7[illegible].

W. C. ROCKWELL.

33 Main St. Bradford Pa.

THIS MEANS YOU

Do you own horses or cattle? Pulsifer's Veterinary Medicines for horses and cattle are warranted to substantiate each claim made for them. Your dealer is authorized to refund the money in every instance of failure to effect a cure of any disease specified on our labels, if used according to directions. You don't risk a cent by a trial. What more can you ask?

PULSIFER'S COLIC CURE.

This preparation is offered to the public as a portable, harmless, yet certain substitute for the old-fashioned bulky remedies heretofore employed in the treatment of that most dangerous disease COLIC. A syringe for administering the dose accompanies each bottle, and the whole package is so compact that it can be easily carried in the pocket. The price at which it is sold is much lower than any other colic cures on the market, thus reducing the actual cost of curing a case of colic to five or ten cents. The dose is only thirty drops, given without diluting.

You can't fool with colic, nor waste time hunting up medicines. Veterinaries can't always be found when wanted, nor are drug stores always open. Pulsifer's colic cure is all the veterinary or drug store you need. It should be kept in the stable ready for use.

There is more fatality among horses from colic than from any other cause. Unless some immediate relief is afforded the chances for recovery are slight. Inflammation sets in, resulting almost inevitably in death. Pulsifer's colic cure never fails to cure Spasmodic, Flatulent Colic, or Stoppage of the Water, if treatment is begun within one hour of the first attack. It has often cured where no relief has been given for hours. Pulsifer's colic cure avoids delays. Delays mean dead horses. Horses cost money. A concise manual describing the symptoms of the ordinary diseases to which the horse is subject, together with the proper method of treating the same. Mailed to any address on receipt of two-cent stamp.

All of Pulsifer's medicines are for sale by A. T. Palmer at his livery, feed and sale stables, Smethport, Pa.

EMIL THAMM,
MANUFACTURER OF
CIGARS
AND DEALER IN
CHEWING AND SMOKING
Tobacco, Pipes, Etc.
SMETHPORT, PA.

DO YOU KNOW

That We have the largest stock of Housefurnishings in this section.

Four large floors, 108x65 feet, devoted to Furniture, Wall Paper, Carpets, Draperies, Rugs, Linoleums, Oil Cloths, Window Shads, Etc.

Passenger elevator to all floors. Free delivery of goods everywhere. Careful packing and prompt shipments.

Honorable business methods, high quality of goods and low prices are making a name far and near as "The Popular Housefurnishers."

We are proud of our reputation and mean to keep it up, and increase our trade. We trust we will have your hearty co-operation in giving honest value for every dollar.

If low prices are any object dont fail to come during this sale of:

Fine 5 piece Parlor suite, upholstered in brocatell and tapestry, at $29.65, real value $40 00.

Fine Dining Room set of 6 high-back, cain seat chairs, solid oak extention table and fine bevel glass, oak side board for $24.90, real value $31.00.

Fine Oak Bed Room suite $12 00, worth $16.00.

Best All Wool Ingrains 50, 55, 60 and 65 cts

Rich Velvets 95c, worth $1.10.

Fine Moquette Rugs 27x63 inches $1.68, worth $2.75.

Fish Nets for summer draperies 25c yard 50 inches wide,

Special low prices are the order now, and it will pay you to anticipate your wants

Come and look over our stock before purchasing. We can and will save you money

We sew all carpets above 50 cents free. We pack and deliver all goods free

ANDREWS & CONKLING.

127-129 Union St. OLEAN, N. Y.

TO THE WHEELMEN AND PUBLIC.

I have opened a repair shop for bicycles and all light work. Will give your work prompt attention and your work when promised. Having had nine years experience in bicycle manufacture and repair, I feel confident that I can suit you in neatness and excellence of work. Whatever you have that needs repairing in any manner do not hesitate to call Willsie. I shall not rob you in prices nor keep your work a month repairing. I am located in T. H. Purtle's shop on Water street. Hoping to hear from you all in some way I remain

Yours truly,

S. A. WILLSIE.

JONES & CHURCH,
DEALERS IN Fresh and Salt Meats,
Sausage, Poultry, Vegetables,
Apples, Fresh Fish, Oysters,
Home-Made Mince Meat,

Highest Cash Price Paid for
Fat Stock, Poultry, Hides, Pelts, Etc.

WILLIAMS' OLD STAND.

I buy all my goods for CASH and save my discounts.

I sell for CASH and have no bad debts, consequently can and do sell at lower prices than those who do a credit business.

To prove this call at my store and note prices.

No offense if you do not purchase.

NEW GOODS received daily. Best assorted stock in the county.

D. C. YOUNG.

Mention the Miner when writing or calling

SANITARIUM
KANE SUMMIT HOSPITAL
KANE, PA.
FOR ACCIDENTS AND GENERAL SICKNESS SURGICAL INJURIES

Every patient receives the personal attention of Dr. Evan O'Neill Kane, Physician and Surgeon, resident at the institution, to whom all communications are to be addressed.

Mention the Miner when writing or calling.

Wanted—An Idea [illegible]

WOODBURY,
Cycle Agency,
43 Mechanic St., Bradford,

is still Headquarters (as it has been for the past 12 years) for the best line of Bicycles in the market. Our $65 Bicycle is still worth two [illegible] wheels, as has been [illegible] the past.

FLAGS

For Campaigners.

We have enough for all clubs and all people, and our prices will will bring us the trade of this campaign.

As low as 15c per dozen,

As high as $15 each

BELTS.

If want real style in belts you will need to come here for it.

We have only this season's fads

Sterling Silver belts, $3.00

Gold and enameled belts.

Leather belts.

Shirt waist belts of silk webbing.

HAMMOCKS

From 75c up

More styles than were ever shown in Bradford.

The Automatic Swinging hammocks offer a new kind of hammock comfort

SHIRT WAIST SETS

Made to match the belts

The nobbiest styles out.

Cuff links—dumb-bell shape are most popular—$1 to $5 per set

FREEZERS.

None to compare with the Peerless in saving trouble.

They freeze in 5 minutes.

2 qt. size, $1.75.

All sizes in stock, up to hotel sizez.

BABY CAB BARGAINS.

We have a line of bargains in baby cabs that will not last long—a line that we are closing out.

The prices to-day are the lowest ever known here.

HARNESS.

It is a mistake to buy harness without seeing the largest stock in this section.

Not a harness you can choose was ever sold here so low as we see it

PAINT.

Rubber Paint is econmical.

It lasts three times as long as most paint.

We carry 20 colors and white

Every thing that painters use is sold here.

EMERY & WEAVER.

L. EMERY, JR., & CO.,

Bradford, Pa.

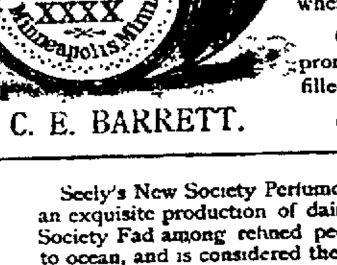
Mention the Miner when writing or calling

Smethport Mills.

Boss and Pillsbury's Flour.
Feed from $15 to $18 per ton.

Shelled Corn, Buckwheat flour, Wheat, Grain, Poultry Food, Oyster shells, Oil meal for horses.

PORTER'S GOOD THE BOSS FLOUR WINONA MINN.



A full line of grain of all kinds kept on hand. Can furnish refanned Oats at 35 cents a bushel. I invite you all to call and get prices before buying else where.

Custom grinding done promptly, and all orders filled as soon as they can be.

C. E. BARRETT.

Corner Mill and Mechanic Sts.

Seely's New Society Perfume, Ave Maria, is an exquisite production of daintiness. It is a Society Fad among refined people from ocean to ocean, and is considered the proper thing by all persons who give perfume using more than a passing thought. Sprays from an Ave Maria atomizer captivate you at once; and, by the way, if you are at all interested in "Soap Nicety" and perfection, let us show you Seely's Almond Milk Soap, the great skin beautifier. Fine enough for Queen Victoria, but not a bit too nice for you. Our price, 10c a cake. Money cheerfully given back if you yourself do not think it the equal of any 25c Soap in the market.

THE PALACE PHARMACY.

A. W. COLEGROVE, PROP'R.

LUMBER YARD.

Do you know that

HOLMES & GILFILLAN

Have the finest and most complete stock of all kinds of

Building Materials

To be found in McKean County.

HOO-HOO.

Two Grades of HEMLOCK, PINE AND RED CEDAR SHINGLES.

Our Washington Red Cedar are without doubt the best lasting Shingles ever sold anywhere.

We have everything you can possibly want to build with in stock, in all grades. Come and see us. We are always glad to show our goods.

Whew!
(100 in the shade.)

Our influence don't quite reach the mark that keeps the thermometer on the jump, but we can help along those who have to do the sweating these hot days. Come in and be refreshed with a glass of [illegible] Soda or Natural [illegible] Fruit Juices. Give [illegible] [illegible] will be [illegible]

[illegible]E.

See our new
Fall
Dress Goods

Summer Goods
at
Reduced Prices.

Our Grocery
Dep't
is the BSTE.

F. G. Lindholm & Co.
Smethport, Pa.
Mention the Miner when writing or calling.

Do You Want
FIRST CLASS PICTURES?
If You Do

The north light, new apparatus lately added etc., all tell you that

GLEASON'S GALLERY

is the place. Try the new carbon [illegible] you will use nothing else after [illegible]. Everyone invited to call and see the exhibit of pictures. This is the best time to get views of your houses.

McKean County Miner
Entered at the postoffice at Smethport as second-class mail matter.

SMETHPORT, FRIDAY, AUG. 14, 1896.

LOCAL AND GENERAL

Read changes of Olmsted's ad.

Notice the weekly change in Marcus' advertisement.

Andrews & Conkling of Olean appear with a new adv. this week. Read it.

The Miner is under obligations to Rev. J. H. McCandless for favors rendered.

Mrs. C. W. Peck has been quite ill for the past week at her home on Franklyn street.

It is reported that J. C. Gallup has purchased the Ed. Waller property on King street.

Dr. Salm will be at the Central Friday, August 28. Read his advertisement in another column.

Gafford's mill was compelled to shut down Tuesday owing to the guide breaking on the band saw.

The front of the Odd Fellows' hall has received a coat of paint which adds very much to its appearance.

Miss Greer has removed from the Healy house on Mechanic street to the McSweeny house on the same street.

The Potter Enterprise says a McKinley club was recently organized at Coudersport with a membership of 177.

Last Monday night about one hundred business men of Meadville organized a Non Partisan Honest Money League.

Samuel Hooker, proprietor of the Hooker House at Knapp's creek, died of consumption last Sunday at the age of [illegible] years.

Dr. Burg Chadwick authorizes the Miner to say that he is not, neither will he be, a candidate for Sheriff of McKean county in this campaign.

There will be a meeting at Farmers Valley tomorrow evening for the purpose of organizing a McKinley club. Everybody should attend.

Charles Lemmler narrowly escaped sunstroke last Sunday. During the first part of the week he was slightly under the weather but is all right now.

The Miner force was bountifully supplied with fine apples and pears last Saturday, the gift of Mrs. A. J. Parker. The Miner extends its heartfelt thanks to that lady.

Mrs. Orpha Webb died at the home of her grandson, Geo. Webb, at Sawyer City, at the advanced age of 84 years, on Monday. The remains were taken to Erie for interment.

Attention is called to the new adv. of S. A. Willale who is located with T. H. Purtle, on Water street. Mr. Willale comes well recommended and will do his utmost to please you.

The Odd Fellows committee of arrangements kindly request the proprietors of all business houses and private residences to decorate their buildings on Wednesday, Aug. 19.

Reports from all sections of the country in regard to the extremely hot weather during the past week are fearful. It is claimed that over 140 died from its effects alone in New York.

—Mrs. William Fullington died last Wednesday at her home on the Rooney farm above town. The funeral was held yesterday, Rev. Taylor officiating. Interment at Rose Hill cemetery.

—There will be a meeting at T. F. Richmond's office to more completely organize the McKinley club. The meeting will be called to order at 8:15. Be on hand promptly tomorrow night.

—There will be an ice cream festival at the Tracy building on Wednesday, August 19, given by the Swedish Lutheran church. There will be an auction of fancy goods in the evening. Everybody come.

—The last excursion to Southern New Jersey sea shore points via Pennsylvania railroad August 20th will no doubt be well patronized. The rates are extremely liberal considering the accommodations offered.

—Mrs. G. R. Moore met with a painful accident yesterday afternoon. She was descending a small embankment in the rear of her residence when she slipped and fell, breaking her left shoulder at the socket. The physician had [illegible] the fracture, but she [illegible] miserable last evening.

[illegible] rule.—Bradford Post. Stop that kind of a racket or we will take after you with a shooting stick.

—Last Friday afternoon F. E. Lyon, the man who stabbed George Patterson, from which the latter died recently, was brought before Judge Olmsted at Coudersport and given a hearing and admitted to bail in the sum of $1,000.

—The breaking of a wheel caused a delay in the arrival of Conductor Bogart's train from Kane Monday night, consequently the evening train from Bradford did not arrive here until ten o'clock. The accident occurred near Kinzua Bridge.

—The electric storm that passed over this section last Sunday afternoon was very severe. The lightning played some queer pranks, quite a number receiving slight shocks. The heavy rain fall was very welcome as it settled the dust [illegible] of the atmosphere.

—James E. Wood, a prominent lumberman of Eldred, died last Saturday afternoon of typhoid fever, after a short illness. He leaves a wife and one daughter. He was a member of the Methodist church. The funeral was held at Sartwell last Monday at [illegible].

—In the notice of the Sunday excursion to Niagara Falls on the Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburg R'y, which appeared in this paper last week, the date was given as August 19. It should have read August 16. The fare on this excursion is only $1.50, round trip, from Mt. Jewett.

—Those desiring to go to Atlantic City on the Pennsylvania railroad excursion on August 20th will remember that the new Delaware River Bridge Route makes it possible for excursionists via Pennsylvania railroad to go through to Atlantic City without transfer through Philadelphia.

—Don't fail to attend the Experience Meeting of the W. C. T. U. in the M. E. chapel Monday, August [illegible] from 5 to [illegible] at which some amusing experiences will be given by the members and [illegible] while earning their money. Light refreshments will be served at ten cents. All are invited.

—The indications point directly toward the extension of the Mt. Jewett & Smethport railroad to the county seat within the next two months. It is to be hoped that our neighbors in the valley will arise to the occasion. The success of the venture means much to them [illegible] will [illegible].—Mt. Jewett Herald.

—On Saturday, August 22 the Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburg R'y will run another cheap rate and [illegible] trip excursion to Rochester and Ontario Beach. The train leaves Bradford at midnight. Tickets good [illegible] on any train from Rochester on or before August 27. Fare for round trip from Bradford only $1.50.

—After vainly trying to win a game of ball [illegible] Smethport [illegible] of the Bradford boys [illegible] game last Saturday. Judging by the crowing of the Bradford papers a person would not only infer that their ball [illegible] was [illegible] equal to [illegible] league pennant.

—The Farmer's Institute of McKean county convenes at Eldred January [illegible] and at Smethport January [illegible]. It is to be hoped that every farmer in the county will be present as topics of the utmost importance relating to farm work will be discussed. In the meantime devote all your spare moments to studying the matters [illegible] interested in.

—The Miner regrets very much that it did not receive information as to the important part the W. R. C. took in the obsequies of the old veteran Jack Ellis [illegible] last week, as proper credit would have been given those loyal ladies for their noble work in the services. The veteran soldiers have no truer friends than these women who have pledged themselves to make their declining years as smooth as possible. May their good work go on.

—The young Republicans of Bradford, [illegible] the campaign is on in earnest, have decided to organize a McKinley and Hobart club, and for that purpose a rousing campaign meeting will be held at [illegible] Lyceum on August 17 at which time Ralph W. Stone, son of Congressman C. W. Stone of Warren, will speak. Every Republican between the voting age and the age of 45 years should be present and join the club and assist to make it a big success.—Star. That's right; start the ball rolling.

—Saturday's Kane Republican tells of a gentleman who had an experience with a porcupine which he mistook for a woodchuck, that he will remember for a long time. His first attempt to grab [illegible] porky by the tail ought to have opened his eyes, but it did not seem to have that tendency, so he went to kicking the animal, and [illegible] to successfully combat an animal so well fitted out for warfare, he needed directions [illegible]. He has undoubtedly learned a lesson on protection that he will not soon forget.

—The Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburg Railway announces a popular low rate excursion to the Thousand Islands and Alexandria Bay, on Thursday, August 20, leaving Bradford at 1.00 p. m., arriving at Rochester at 7:[illegible] p. m. Leave Rochester via the New York Central at 11.00 p. m., arriving at Clayton at 5:[illegible] a. m. Thence by steamer to Thousand Island Park, Alexandria Bay and other points among the Islands. Returning, excursionists can leave the Islands (Clayton) by regular trains leaving at [illegible] and 11.40 p. m. Tickets will be good going on all trains named above and for return from the Islands on or before Friday, August 28, and from Rochester on or before Saturday, August 29. Fare from Bradford only $6.00.

—Last Sunday morning G. W. Mitchell, who is fitting himself for the fall campaign, with his two trainers, W. H. Morrison and Foster Studholm, started to walk to Bradford, via Ormsby and Cyclone, a distance of about 25 miles. Studholm, who as a pedestrian is only equalled by Fenimore Cooper's Leatherstockings, set the pace, and Morrison, whose walking apparatus is not built on the same lengthy plan, experienced considerable difficulty in keeping up with the other two, but by superhuman efforts on his part and leniency on theirs, he managed to reach the corner before Brenneman or the Henderson House dropped the distanced flag on him. When he arrived, puffing and panting and wearing rather a weary smile, at that popular hostlery, the whole force were employed for some time in rubbing the gentleman down and he was able to take the train for home in the morning. On Monday, Mr. Mitchell, with a wonderful display of confidence said he never felt better in his life, but it was noticed by observing friends that in moving either of his legs he found it very convenient to use his hands in assisting the pedal movement. Studholm, with his graybeard [illegible], [illegible] at Bradford [illegible].

[illegible] home in Buffalo on Saturday morning, Aug. 8th, aged 56 years.

No word had been received here of Mrs. Bishop's illness, as she survived but a brief time the mortal stroke which removed her so unexpectedly. We understand that apoplexy was the cause of her death. The body was brought to the residence of her brother, Dr. H. L. McCoy on Saturday evening, and borne to St. Luke's church for the funeral services on Sunday afternoon at four o'clock. A great storm broke over the town almost as soon as the large congregation had assembled, and continued throughout the funeral services, and as it was impossible to leave the church, the storm lasting until six o'clock, announcement was made, after several hymns had been sung, that the evening services at the church would be omitted and the interment would be private on the following morning. On Monday at [illegible] the body was borne from the church and interred in the McCoy burial plot in Rose Hill cemetery.

The deceased was well known to all, having lived here many years of her married life and all her childhood years in the old homestead of her parents, who were among the earliest settlers in this place. She was known for her peculiarly unselfish life—never preferring self—but always ready to forget self and to render up self in loving, sacrificing ways for others, being fond of visiting the sick and the needy, and willing to spend herself in any helpful ministrations.

Mrs. Bishop was a member of St. Luke's church, and of late years was an humble worshipper, and a communicant therein, with her aged mother, her three sisters, Mrs. Henry Hamlin, Mrs. J. C. Hamlin and Mrs. Eugenia Hamlin, and her brothers Dr. and E. B. McCoy, and her many relatives in this place.

May she rest in peace.

Death of Mrs. E. J. Brasted.

Sadie [illegible], wife of E. J. Brasted, died at her residence on King street, Wednesday, August 12, at [illegible] a. m., in the 28th year of her age.

Sadie [illegible] Knapp was born near Newerf, January 4, 1869, and a few years after moved with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. B. L. Knapp, to Smethport, where she has since resided. She was married to E. J. Brasted November [illegible], and the fruits of the union are two bright little girls, [illegible], aged about two and a half years, and Vera, aged eight months.

The deceased was an unusually intelligent woman, with a light, buoyant spirit which made her a favorite of her family and all who had the pleasure of her acquaintance as well. She had been a devout communicant of St. Luke's church for several years.

Beside a husband and two daughters the deceased leaves to mourn her sudden demise a fond mother and father, two sisters, Mrs. E. A. Lewis, of Rochester, N. Y., and Mrs. W. R. Gibson of Bradford and two brothers, N. Harry and Fred Knapp, both of this place.

The funeral services will be held at the house this morning at 10 o'clock, Rev. J. H. McCandless officiating. The remains will be placed in Rose Hill cemetery.

Alfred Dolan Drowned.

A young man named Alfred J. Dolan was enjoying a swim in the Kinzie pond Saturday evening in company with William Frank. He was seized with cramps and, [illegible] Frank, both sank out of sight, but the latter soon succeeded in breaking away and escaped the fate of his companion.

The news soon reached town and a large crowd of men were soon on hand searching for the lost body. The water in the pond is deep in some places, fully 18 or 20 feet, and the swimmers found some difficulty in reaching bottom. After a search of about an hour and a half, however, E. E. Parris arose to the surface after a long dive and announced that he had found him. Adrian Sizer went down and brought the lifeless body of the young man to the surface. The water was about ten feet deep at this place.

The corpse was taken to the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Patrick Dolan, on Bayard street, and placed in the hands of undertaker J. A. Vollmer.

Deceased was aged about 17 years and was a steady young man and has worked in several of our factories when opportunity offered.

The funeral took place at 9 o'clock this morning at the Catholic church, Rev. George Winkler officiating.—Rep.

Press Club Notes.

The Western Pennsylvania Press Club which met in Erie last Friday had a good time and were royally entertained by the members of the club at Erie. The following officers were elected.

President—P. C. Boyle of Oil City.

Vice President—W. P. Atkinson of Erie.

Secretary—Mrs. Ada Cable of Bradford.

Treasurer—Willis Cowan of Warren.

A meeting of the McKean County Editorial Association will be held in the St. James parlors, Bradford, on Saturday, August 15th, at 11 o'clock a.m. Business which interests every publisher in McKean county will be considered at this meeting and it is earnestly desired that every paper will be represented.

L. Rogers, President.

Bicycle Meet at Bolivar.

A big bicycle meet is being arranged for Saturday, August 22, at the Bolivar race track. There will be four bicycle races, a foot race and a good base ball game. The first event will be a five mile handicap, prize a Pierce bicycle; the second a tandem race, prizes $15; the third a mile open, prizes $15, the fourth a boy's race, prizes $10. The fifth event will be a foot race for $7.50 in gold. The base ball game will be contested by the Bolivar champions and the Olean club. The prize will be $25. One ticket admits to all events. The Bolivar band will furnish music. The admission will be 25 cents and 15 cents for grand stand. Entry blanks will be furnished by W. J. Hogan, Secretary, Bolivar, N. Y., to whom all correspondence should be addressed.

Local Oil Notes.

Wright & Nutting have completed another good well at Coleville. Its daily production is estimated at 30 barrels. It is within defined territory but causes considerable surprise among Colevillians.

The South Penn's No. 13, on lot 641, at McKean's mill, which was shot Monday, is pumping 40 barrels a day.

Knox & Co.'s test well, on warrant 2,2[illegible], southwest of McKean's mill, had been drilled in, and is a duster. The well is located near Palen's mill and will undoubtedly stop further operations in that direction.

At Ormsby, the Matson's No. 58 was shot yesterday. It will make an average producer for that district.—Era.

Desiring to collect accounts due me, I have placed [illegible] complete accounts in the [illegible]. All persons indebted to me can settle with him as fully [illegible] Chas. Gable.

Miss Helen Forrest visited Bradford friends Tuesday.

H. W. Staley of Duke Centre viewed the town Monday.

Miss Ella Wright arrived home from the south Wednesday.

Fred Backus came up from Olean Monday on his vacation.

Ward Barbour of Bradford saw the ball game here Wednesday.

W. F. Burr and family, of Eldred, drove through to Kane Monday.

Miss S. A. Neall went to Chautauqua Tuesday for a few days' visit.

Misses Belle Abbey and Ida Ellingsfeld are visiting in Port Allegany.

Miss Lois Young went to Bradford, Tuesday to visit friends in that city.

A. B. Henry and E. M. Steinburg were down from Ormsby Wednesday.

Samuel Stoddard, of Colegrove, was a pleasant caller at this office last Friday.

S. L. King of Friendship once more occupies his old post with Charles Lemmler.

Mrs. J. D. Provin of Warsaw, N. Y., is visiting relatives and friends in Smethport.

Dr. John Clark left yesterday afternoon for a two week's visit in Hamilton, Canada.

Sheridan Gorton left here Wednesday for Warren to attend the firemen's convention.

R. H. Gibson, Dr. Benninghoff and Geo. Powell of Bradford were in Smethport Sunday.

Joseph Fleming of the Bradford business college was a caller at this office Wednesday.

Mr. Wm. VanHouton and wife came over with the "Blue Jays" from Bradford Wednesday.

C. Wolford, one of PortAllegany's hustling business men was a caller here Wednesday.

Miss Bertha Sprague of Windham, Conn., is visiting A. T. Palmer and family on Green street.

Mrs. W. L. Grumbine started Wednesday for a few days' visit among Greendale friends.

A. L. Hughes of the Henderson House at Bradford, arrived Sunday night, for a week's vacation.

J. J. Roberts and son, of Ceres, were pleasant callers at the Miner office Saturday last.

Madge Rifle returned Tuesday from an extended visit with her sister, Mrs. Neistrum, of Lima, O.

Miss Effie Burlingame of Washington, D. C., is the guest of her brother, H. L. Burlingame.

Mrs. W. R. Gibson, of Bradford, visited her parents, Mr. and Mrs. B. L. Knapp, in town this week.

Otis and Paul Hamlin, Horace Redfield and Ned Newman attended the tennis tournament at Olean.

Mrs. A. E. Schuyler of New York has been giving free lectures at the Baptist church during the week.

Claude Heath, C. W. Dorrion and Frank McFarlin of Eldred attended the ball game here Wednesday.

Israel Carlson of Chicago who has been here on a visit for a few days went to Bradford Wednesday.

A. L. Sprague and wife of Salamanca, N. Y., were the guests of A. T. Palmer and family over Sunday.

Miss Edna Keenan returned home Thursday and Miss Lula Monday, from their extended visit in New Jersey.

Dr. and Mrs. Burg Chadwick went to Buffalo Friday last, spent Sunday at the Falls and returned home Monday.

Walter Colegrove, formerly of Woodville, Ohio, but now of Hamlin, was a very pleasant caller at this office Wednesday.

Conductor S. O. Richmond came home yesterday morning to enjoy a much needed rest, he being somewhat indisposed.

C. A. Jones, John Fleming, Mrs. J. F. Kelly and Fred Kelley all of Kane were guests at the Wright House Tuesday.

John Walters, G. E. Laner and B. C. Taber came over from Port Allegany Wednesday afternoon to see the ball game.

Mr. T. F. Richmond and wife visited Emporium Monday and from there went to Warren to attend the firemen's convention.

The Rev. Mr. Cole, the new general missionary of the Diocese of Pittsburg will be present at St. Luke's church next Sunday evening.

Mrs. C. S. Gere and daughters of Chemung, N. Y., and Miss Genevieve White of Bradford, were guests of Mrs. F. C. Pierce last week.

W. H. Olmsted, of this place and C. B. Ferguson, of Glen Hazel, wheeled to Olean Sunday, returning Monday morning on the early train.

C. A. Dickenson went to Bradford Saturday night and on Sunday organized himself into a reception committee to receive the Smethport pedestrians.

Rev. Father Winkler of Kane and Rev. Fathers Pamphilus and Angelus of St. Bonaventure College, Allegany, N. Y., visited Father Galligan on Tuesday.

C. W. Grout of Kane was a very pleasant caller at this office Tuesday. He had just returned from Richland, N. Y., where he attended the funeral of his sister.

Hon. T. W. Burt, of Ulysses and son, C. M. Burt, of Westfield, were guests of the Chautauqua House Thursday night of last week and were pleasant callers at this office Friday.

Will and Joe Hobler, A. L. Colegrove, Ray Walters, Chas. Prescott, Dr. F. C. Pierce and Leon Grigsby, wheeled to Bradford Sunday. Some enjoyed the pleasure of walking part of the way home owing to the darkness.

A. D. Doyle visited his home at Sartwell Sunday last. When he started from Larabee to return to Ormsby, toward night, he punctured his tire near Coryville, and was compelled to walk back to Larabee in a drenching rain.

The Misses Rachel and Ida Rubin, of Smethport, who have been the guests of A. Weiner and family for the past few days, were driven to Mt. Jewett yesterday by Mr. Weiner, where they were met by their father, H. W. Rubin, a prominent business man of Smethport, and driven home.—Kane Republican.

Rev. C. H. Dodd, pastor of Peddie Memorial church, Newark, N. J., was in the city yesterday. Mr. Dodd was formerly secretary of the local Y. M. C. A.—Olean Times. Mr. Dodd was raised on a farm about 5 miles from Coudersport and is one of the brightest ministers in the Baptist church.

Reduced Rates via Pennsylvania Railroad for Mount Gretna Farmers' Encampment.

From August 17 to 21, inclusive, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell, for the above occasion, round-trip tickets to Mt Gretna and return at rate of one fare for the round trip, from principal stations between East Liberty and Bryn Mawr, on the Northern Central R'y north of and including Lutherville, and on the Philadelphia and Erie Railroad Division. These tickets will valid for return passage until August 21, inclusive.

For information in regard to train service and specific rates application should be made to ticket agents.

A little daughter of Mr. Lewis Dayton, an old and much respected citizen of of Barolis, Pa., occasionally has trouble with her stomach which gives her considerable distress. In speaking of it Mr. Dayton said: "As soon as she has an attack we give her a dose of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, and it has never failed to relieve her promptly. We all use it in our family with the same good results." For sale by A. B. Armstrong & Co.

How to be Handsome.

It is a mistake to suppose that the only way to be good looking is to be born so. Good health has more to do with good looks than anything else—such diseases as constipation, dyspepsia, liver complaint, rheumatism, nervous disorders, etc., not only shorten life, but spoils tempers and looks. Bacon's Celery King for the nerves cures these troubles. A. W. Colegrove, Smethport; C. M. Benson, Colegrove, and S. W. Stickney; Newerf, sell it and will give you a trial package free.

List of Letters.

remaining in the postoffice at Smethport Pa., for the week ending Aug. 8, 1896:

Alexander DeShetler, Harry Gesh,
John Keene, Bessie Preston.

Persons calling for these letters please say "advertised."

W. P. Walsh, Postmaster.

A great reduction in tuition at Smith's Business College, Warren, Pa. Catalogue free. Fall opening Sept. 1.

[illegible] at E. W. Noble & Co.

ANNIN CREEK.

Saturday Ed. Davis and wife went for a visit to Sweden Valley. On the way home a bee stung the horse causing it to run away and to spill the occupants of the carriage out in the road. Fortunately no one was injured.

Mae Winship of this place and Kittie Kinney of Olean spent Saturday and Sunday with friends at Henrys.

E. G. Tubbs and wife and Amelia Evans visited Jay Horton and wife of Allegany, N. Y., last week.

E. C. Cooper, F. K. Winship and S. R. June have each purchased a new reaper and binder.

Mrs. Celia Knapp and her son, Willie, of Friendship were visiting friends here last week.

Mr. and Mrs. James Hannon of Olean were visiting their many friends here this week.

J. B. Kinney of Arcade was a guest at L. H. Winship's a couple of days last week.

Gardis Tubbs went to Derrick City to a picnic Tuesday.

Harry Evans drove down to Olean last Saturday.

C. H. Holcomb had business in Rixford Saturday.

John Mason came down from Coudersport Sunday.

E. C. Cooper made a trip to Portville last week.

S. W. Evans was in Smethport Wednesday.

STRAIGHTS.

L. H. Quinn & Co. ran an excursion train up the new railroad Sunday to show the people where Norman Barr was killed by a tree falling upon him.

Miss Georgia Coady of Crosby visited friends in this place the first of last week. She was called home by the sudden death of her grandfather.

The Maccabees of this place intend holding a dance on or about the 7th of September.

The Misses McCann of Renovo were the guests of Mrs. F. S. Sherman the past week.

Some of our young people attended a dance at Bergamot Saturday evening.

G. W. Stevenson and C. M. Hill made a flying trip to Ridgway Monday.

G. W. Kapp and A. A. Allen are both owners of new bicycles.

Straights is booming. We have two lodges and a brass band here.

Miss Florence Clarkson is on the sick list.

COLEGROVE.

Mrs. J. Colegrove of Smethport and Mrs. Heimer of Washington, D. C., have been visiting friends and relatives here the past week.

William Rafe and daughter, Ada, were in Smethport Tuesday.

Mrs. J. Downs returned from Olean Friday.

"How are the Mighty Fallen?"

Bradford 6, Smethport 2.

Wednesday afternoon a fair sized crowd turned out to see our ball team get even with Bradford for the 19 to 0 game of last Saturday, but some how or other it didn't pan out as we expected. The unknowns from the greasy side of the hill got six runs while our own gentlemen of reputation got around only twice.

It's a nice thing to have a good reputation. With one exception it's the only good thing about our team. The other is their exalted opinions of their individual greatness.

In most places one or two players couldn't delay the game thirty or forty minutes and then come mogging along, pushing their shoulders from one side to the other, but things are different here. The audience is not only expected to sit in patient expectation, but to cheer lustily when the conquering heroes come. And then just think of how conducive to a sense of their own importance the applause must be. It's soothing to the ear, you know.

The game started off with Maher at the bat for Smethport. He went out from pitcher to first. Fuller followed, getting his base on balls, and stole second. Keelan was wild and Keefer walked to first. Fuller reached third on a passed ball and made a sorry stab at stealing home but failed to connect by a rod or two. Seifert "thumped the pig" for three bases, scoring Keefer. After that Bradford had everything its own way.

In the second half of the first Seifert gave four balls to F. Mack who stole second. C. Davis hit safe, scoring Mack. Seifert dropped V. Davis' fly and gave the next man up base on balls. The three following men were foolish enough to bat to Paddy Maher and the inning ended, but not until Bradford had made three runs.

Both teams played good ball until the seventh inning when Seifert got wild again and not being properly supported, the visitors got two more runs.

In the first of the eighth the crowd rattled some of the Bradford players and Fuller and Keefer got their base on errors, Fuller scoring. Keefer was on third with Seifert, a fine hitter, at the bat, and no one out, when the umpire, Kerns, quit the game because the rooters were alleged to be throwing stones into the diamond. The Bradford team misunderstood the umpire as having forfeited the game to them and hurriedly left the ground, much to the disgust and rage of local fans who claim that Smethport would have won had the game been played out. The score stood 6 to 2 in favor of the visitors when the game stopped.

The features of the game were Fuller's brilliant getting out on bases, Young's passed balls, Seifert's wild pitching and Morrison's fumbling on first.

Any team that can't beat Bradford, even with broken bats such as Armstrong's pets were compelled to use, with that open faced curio in the box, isn't entitled to even pity.

The exceptionally good work of Keefer at third and Maher at short shows that we have at least two ball players on the team.

There is some talk of having a base ball tournament here in the near future. There is no reason why, if managed with the usual efficiency, a grand tourney to be participated in by approved teams from Ormsby, Clermont and Irish Hollow, not to mention our own select aggregation of erstwhile Invincibles, would not refill the depleted coffers of the ball club and furnish soothing consolation to the weary souls of native rooters who do not like to see their favorites distanced in the first heat. Bradford will not be allowed to participate unless in the meantime they "beat some one and get a reputation."

Yours for better ball,
Fan Kicker.

The people have long since learned that the most disagreeable medicines are not necessarily the best. In fact, as a rule, they are not. What is wanted is something mild and sure, such as Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. That is really pleasant to take when reduced with water and sweetened. Then it is acknowledged everywhere to be the most successful remedy in the world for bowel complaints. Ask any number of druggists for the best remedy they have for diarrhoea and fully nine out of ten will recommend Chamberlain's. In speaking of this medicine, Mr. B. B. Buffum of Friendsville, Susquehanna county, Pa., says: "We have used it in our family for pain in the stomach, colic and diarrhoea and found it to be a most effective remedy." For sale by A. B. Armstrong & Co.

It doesn't matter much whether sick headache, billious, indigestion and constipation are caused by neglect or by unavoidable circumstances; DeWitt's Little Early Risers will speedily cure them all. A. W. Colegrove, Smethport, A. E. Stickels, East Smethport.

Notice to Farmers.

A meeting of the Agricultural and Breeder's Society will be held at the Court House, Smethport, Pa., Saturday, Aug. 22, at 2 p.m. Every person interested in agriculture is invited to attend.

23-7t JAS. QUIRK, Sec'y.

Relief in Six Hours.

Distressing Kidney and Bladder diseases relieved in six hours by the "New Great South American Kidney Cure. This new remedy is a great surprise on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in the bladder, kidneys, back and every part of the urinary passages in male or female. It relieves retention of water and pain in passing it almost immediately. If you want quick relief and cure this is your remedy. Sold by A. H. Armstrong, Druggist, Smethport, Pa.

Poison ivy, insect bites, bruises, scalds, burns, are quickly cured by DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve, the great pile cure. A. W. Colegrove, Smethport, A. E. Stickels, East Smethport.

[illegible] Company will sell excursion tickets on August 22, 24, 25, 26, 27, and 28, good to return until August 31, inclusive, at rate of one fare for the round trip, from principal stations between East Liberty and Bryn Mawr, on the Northern Central Railway north of and including Lutherville, and on the Philadelphia and Erie Railroad Division.

For information in regard to train service and specific rates application should be made to ticket agents.

A Common Danger.

If you have ever had a cold which you permitted to wear away it may interest you to know it was a dangerous proceeding. Every cold and cough which is neglected paves the way for consumption, bronchitis, asthma or catarrh. Otto's Cure, the famous German throat and lung remedy will cure any cough or cold and save you from consumption. Call on A. W. Colegrove, Smethport; C. M. Benson, Colegrove; S. W. Stickney, Newerf, and get a trial bottle free.

Grand Midsummer Excursion to Niagara Falls and Buffalo Races, Wednesday, August 19.

The W. N. Y. & P. R'y will run one of their popular cheap excursions to Niagara Falls and Buffalo, Wednesday August 19. Special fast train will leave Smethport at 9:12 a. m., fare $2.25 for the round trip. Train will arrive at Buffalo, 12:30 p. m., Niagara Falls, 1:15 p. m. Tickets good returning on regular trains Thursday, August 20. The Buffalo Races promise to be the most important held in years. On August 19 and 20, there will be $12,000 in purses divided equally between the six events scheduled for those days.

Some years ago when suffering with an uncommonly severe attack of diarrhoea, Mr. W. B Guinup, of Atco, Pa., received through the mail a sample bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. He says: "I found it to be one of the most effective remedies I ever used. It gave me almost immediate relief. It has no superior and I think no equal. No bad effects follow the use of this remedy. It is pleasant to take when reduced with water and sweetened. Children like it. It never fails. It is the most perfect remedy ever produced for bowel complaints." For sale at 25 and 50 cents per bottle by A. B. Armstrong & Co.

Where Will You Spend Your Vacation?

Before deciding, get full information in regard to the W. N. Y. & P. R'y excursion to the Thousand Islands August 26. The rates are so low that the most humble can afford the trip. It can be made in three or more days. Tickets are good for ten days returning. Call on the nearest W. N. Y. & P. R'y agent or write S. B. Newton, Excursion Manager, Buffalo, N. Y., for full information.

The whole system is drained and undermined by indolent ulcers and open sores. DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve speedily heals them. It is the best pile cure known. A. W. Colegrove, Smethport, A. E. Stickles, East Smethport.

RACKET STORE

A CLEAN SWEEP SALE.

This is a genuine Reduction Sale which reaches into every nook and corner of our store. We shall make it pay you to visit us at this time and make your purchases. We will not advertise any fake or delusive scheme. We want your confidence and if you trade here you will find everything honestly represented. We give you herewith a list of just a few items in the sale:

Ladies' Tan Oxford, hand turned, latest styles, were $2.00 and $2.25, clean sweep price $1.25.

Ladies' McKay sewed Dongola Oxford, patent leather tip and lap, very stylish, was $1.75, clean sweep price $1.25.

Misses Tan Shoe was $1.25, clean sweep price 98c.

Men's Tan, box calf, razor or Columbian toe, hand welt, clean sweep price $2.25. This shoe was $3.00, others sell it at $3.75 and $4.00. Its the bargain of the season.

Mosquito netting, 6 yards for 25c.

Matting at all prices and qualities. We save you 5c a yard on lower grades and from 15c to 20c on the better grades.

Underwear.—Ladies' at from 10c to 60c, children's at from 10c to 25c.

A fine summer Corset 45c.

Table Linen runs during the clean sweep sale at from 25c to $1.00 per yard in white and 15c to 50c per yard in colored. Many pretty designs. Napkins from 25c to $4.00 per dozen.

RACKET STORE,
175 and 177 Union St., Olean, N. Y.

PERFUMES!

Have you tried our latest
WOODSWORTH'S BLUE LILIES,
ALSO
LIGHTNER'S RED CROSS,
FRENCH'S SWEET CHIMES,
BALDWIN'S QUEEN BESS.

These are our specials. We also have a complete stock of regular odors made by the best manufacturers, such as White Rose, Jockey Club, Violet, Crab Apple Blossom, Carnation Pink, etc.

You should examine these odors if you are a lover of first-class perfumes.

H. C. Wells,
Smethport, Pa.

Mansfield State Normal School.

Intellectual and practical training for teachers. Five courses of study besides prep ratory. Special attention given to preparation for colleges. Students admitted to best colleges on certificate. Great advantages for special students in art and music. Model school of three hundred and fifty pupils. Corps of sixteen teachers. Beautiful grounds. Magnificent buildings. Large ground for athletics. Elevator, infirmary with attendant nurse. Fine gymnasium. Everything furnished at average cost to normal students of $143 a year. Fall term, Aug. 31, winter term, Nov. 30, spring term, March 14. Students admitted to classes at any time. For catalogue, containing full information, apply to
S. H. ALBRO, Principal,
Mansfield, Pa.

See what the
Smethport Marble & Granite Works
have to say
in our next issue.

Wanted—An Idea [illegible]

soaps and soaps
but only one
Sunlight
Soap
which is the soap of soaps and washes clothes with less labor and greater comfort.
Makes homes brighter
Makes hearts lighter
Lever Bros., Ltd.,
Hudson & Harrison Sts., N.Y.

T. B. Brown,

DRY GOODS
AND CARPETS.

A REDUCTION
IN ALL
DEPARTMENTS.

All Summer Goods must be closed out immediately, therefore we will make

A BIG CUT
IN
DRESS GOODS
AND
WASH GOODS.

LAIDES' CAPES
AND
SHIRT WAISTS
AT
HALF PRICE.

CARPETS,
RUGS,
CURTAINS
AND
CHINESE MATTINGS.

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All other wash goods at proportionately low prices.
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EVERY 20TH WAIST FREE! This sale closes
Cloak and Suit Departm
will turn out its share of bargains.
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200 of them to close out at 59c, 69c, 79c, 79c and 99c
Attend this special sale at
H·W·MARCUS
123 Union Street Olean
Leaders of low prices and reliable goods. Always ask for
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not windy, but
Just As We State.
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A genuine 50c summer corset for 39c. I invite inspection and comparison of any 50c line. Call and examine them.

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A Big
Difference

between cheap shoes and shoes cheap. The former is false economy—the latter true. Don't forget there's as much evil in paying too little as paying too much. The motto of some stores is, "not how cheap, but how good." The motto of some other is, "not how good, but how cheap." Our motto is, "Good and Cheap." We are closing out our Tan Shoes at a big reduction and if you want a pair at a low price come along pretty quick.

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A Case of Deafness of Over [illegible] Years Standing Cured by Dr Salm.

For [illegible] years [illegible] my hearing has been bad, my [illegible] almost lost. I have been [illegible] Dr Salm's treatment for the past five months, and my hearing has been greatly improved. [illegible] I am still under treatment, and hope for an entire cure. [illegible]

[illegible], Pa., Sept. 9, 95. [illegible]

[illegible]

One Little Dying Rather than Stand the Agony. [illegible]

[illegible]

I [illegible] with Lung and Heart Trouble.

I have been treated by Dr [illegible]

[illegible] C. B. Vaughn, [illegible], Pa.

Another One.

Since using Dr Salm's treatment have improved to such a degree that I can honestly say that I am now feeling better in every way than for two years past. Grant Confer. Kildred, Pa.

Inward Trouble Cured by Dr Salm.

I have suffered with inward and general trouble all of life, but I am happy to state that Dr Salm has cured me. Jennie Dunmire. Manorville, Pa.

Catarrh and Lung Trouble Cured by Dr Salm.

For nearly five years I have had a bad case of lung trouble and catarrh. I was treated by three of our best physicians but gradually grew worse and worse until I was advised to try Dr Salm by one of of his patients of whom he has cured of a [illegible] trouble. I despaired of ever getting well I felt so badly. To-day I am thankful that I put myself under the Dr's treatment, for I can enjoy life again with pleasure, and am glad that I cured. May Dunnagan. Hilliard Pa.

Diseases of women, such as have baffled the skill of all other physicians and remedies, quickly cured. [illegible] tumors, [illegible] and polyps [illegible] without the use of the knife [illegible] No cutting no pains no danger.

[illegible] perfectly restored. Quick painless and certain cure for impotence, lost manhood, spermatorrhea, [illegible] weak and nervous debility [illegible] varicocele and all private diseases, whether from imprudent habits [illegible] [illegible] New method—Electrolysis. [illegible] treated and positively cured by a never failing method. Examination and consultation free to everybody. Address all communications to box [illegible], Columbus, Ohio.

FIFTY CENT BOOK FREE. "The Medical Adviser," a short history of private diseases advice to young and old, especially those contemplating marriage. This book will be sent to any one enclosing a two cent stamp for postage and writing to above address.

Dr Salm will be at

[illegible]

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[illegible] ONLY [illegible] POND'S EXTRACT [illegible] NEW YORK. 76 Fifth Avenue.

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Many cases of so called heart disease, are only cases of acid fermentation in the stomach. The irritation from the acid hinders the action of the heart, through the pneumogastric nerve, and very often the excessive restraining power of this peculiarly acting nerve, becomes a very serious matter, the heart makes the greatest effort to do its work, but there is a shortness of breath which cannot be made up for, and the feeling throughout the chest is very distressing. Sometimes this acid arises and causes an acrid smarting in the throat, at other times the burning is up and down the chest.

Another stomach trouble is that form of dyspepsia which gives pain after eating. Persons with this disease seem to have but a scant measure of nerve strength when food is being digested, that much needs the concentration of all of the nerve and brain force, and if reading or close thought is attempted soon after eating, the stomach commences that intolerable aching which dyspeptics dread so much, when, the only immediate relief appears to be to stop the mental activity and get up and move around. In such cases there is evidently for the time being, too little nerve power to divide between the stomach and the brain each one alone needs it all to enable it to perform its labor.

There are two properties possessed by Dr Day's Stomach and Nerve Tonic, which constitute it a cure for all of the above derangements. One is its power of purifying and sweetening the stomach and stopping the formation of gas and acid the other is the giving of increased nerve action and strength. Soon with better digestion and better nutrition, there is a general renewal of life and health. The mind of a business man after its use, soon becomes clearer and more active, thoughts come easier and are more clearly expressed, the memory is stronger, business plans and ventures are arranged in a better manner and are more patiently and successfully carried out and details are attended to better because of the increased strength of both mind and muscle.

Women having the care of a household on their minds, find Dr Day's Stomach and Nerve Tonic to be a great blessing. It gives better digestion, better nutrition more strength, cures that feeling of weariness in the morning that anxiety of mind the fear that something is going wrong or that something bad is going to happen cures dizziness, shortness of breath pressure through the chest, belching of wind, rumbling in the bowels heartburn, and all forms of dyspepsia that come from weakness.

Mrs Ellen Pierce of [illegible] Potter [illegible] Pa. writes: I can truthfully say that I owe my life to your stomach and nerve tonic. I was troubled with my stomach for over a year and tried everything I could hear of, but did not get any benefit. I was nearly in despair, for although I had only four in my family I could not begin to do the work for them. [illegible] friend wrote me to try Dr Day's Stomach and Nerve Tonic and I did. I did not expect to get any benefit but was greatly relieved [illegible] [illegible] of your remedy I can do my work and my stomach does not hurt me only when I do very heavy work. I shall continue its use until I am entirely cured for I am perfectly satisfied that it will cure all such stomach trouble. I thank you dear Doctor a thousand times over for putting before the public such a wonderful remedy for human suffering.

Mrs Alt [illegible] [illegible]

H C Beatty [illegible] [illegible] Dr Day's Stomach and Nerve Tonic [illegible] me I think permanently.

J. C. Fulton of Burgettstown Pa. writes, "I have been afflicted with the rheumatism and was laid up in bed a good part of the time, my stomach was in a bad condition and would not retain food. I began to use Dr Day's Stomach and Nerve Tonic it not only helped my stomach but relieved me of the rheumatism and also increased my weight wonderfully."

For sale by A. D. Armstrong & Co., Smethport, Dr. M. Wilcox, of Mt. Jewett, and Lawrence Bayer, Clermont.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for cuts bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by A. W. Colegrove and A. D. Armstrong & Co.

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Dr. Miles' Nerve Plasters for [illegible]

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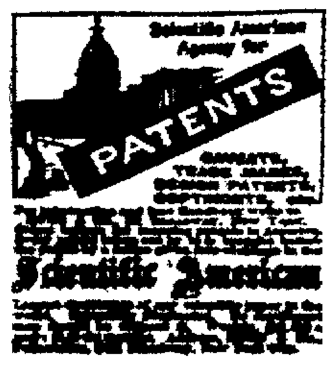

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[illegible]

Scientific American

[illegible]

DAIRY & CREAMERY.

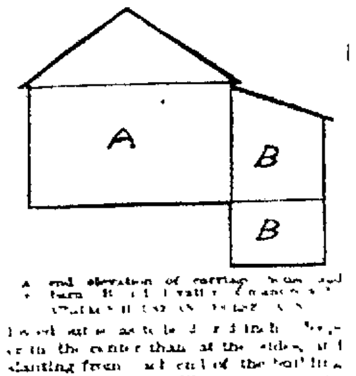
PIGS AND DAIRYING

How to Locate the Piggeries Convenient to the Creamery

That wise, up to date dairyman, Mr J. D. Smith, of Delaware county, N. Y., describes in Hoard's Dairyman his arrangement of buildings and accessories which make hog raising easy in connection with dairying and butter making. Mr Smith writes:

Our dairy room is located some [illegible] feet higher than the piggery. In the [illegible] of the dairy room we have two small iron sinks, side by side. The skimmilk and buttermilk is run from the churn and milk receptacles into one of these sinks, which is connected with an iron pipe, and conveys the milk underground to a receiving vat in the piggery. By this means we avoid all [illegible]. A hose is attached to the water faucet and conducts the water to the churn and all waste water is conveyed through sewer pipe [illegible] feet away from the house and distributed [illegible] meadow lands. The piggery is what was once our old house and is 27 by 34 feet. [illegible] timbers were [illegible] [illegible] posts, [illegible] and the [illegible] [illegible] placed in a cement wall foundation about 3 feet high. The floor [illegible] [illegible] grade [illegible] below in the [illegible] [illegible] building [illegible] 27 feet. If [illegible] again I would have the grade [illegible] [illegible] inches to 27 feet.

At the back or lower side there is constructed a sort of wide trough which is simply a place about 3 feet wide, [illegible]



End elevation of carriage house and barn. [illegible]

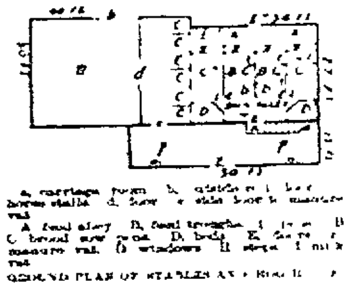
[illegible] center than at the sides, and slanting from each end of the building toward the center. This is to carry the [illegible] all toward one point, where there is [illegible] feet wide [illegible] the underpinning wall and leads [illegible] all liquids draining [illegible] water tight vat below the piggery [illegible]

The carriage house and horse barn [illegible] by 40 feet. The upper floor [illegible] [illegible] by truss rods, so as to [illegible] the necessity of any supporting posts below. The floor [illegible] cement and the horse stalls were cemented and plank [illegible] in the [illegible] The [illegible] from the horse stalls all goes through the door [illegible] into the manure vat which is about 10 feet deep, as will be [illegible] [illegible] location. One who has never [illegible] would hardly realize [illegible] [illegible] the truss support [illegible] [illegible] posts. The [illegible]

[illegible]

In regard to kind of pipe to use to carry milk to piggery I would say ours is a 2 inch wrought iron pipe [illegible] rustless pipe. It has been in use ten years and is sound yet, so far as we know. Great care must be taken to have the grade true with no depressions. B are feeding troughs, C pens for store or fatting pigs, with slat doors, D D [illegible] made of hard wood 2 by 4 laid half an inch apart. These beds extend back over the back alley or troughlike depression laid with a slope toward the center where door K leads to manure vat F. The two center pens are not as [illegible] and the slat floors should not be as high from the main floor as the two end ones may be.

D is the beds of slat floor. E, E, E, etc. are doorways leading from the [illegible] pens. H is a series of stone steps [illegible]



A, carriage room. B, [illegible] C [illegible] horse stalls. d, [illegible] manure vat.

A, feed alley. B, feed troughs. [illegible] C, [illegible] pens. D, beds. E, [illegible] F, manure vat. G, windows. H, steps. [illegible]

GROUND PLAN OF STABLES AND ROOMS

large flag stone, and these should be laid in the wall when built, leaving an opening in wall at K K for pigs to go to and from the manure vat F. By laying the cement floor on a good grade from the feeding alley back and then grading the back alley from each end toward the center it will enable all the liquids to be carried down in the manure vat at F K. The wall around this manure vat is 10 feet high, with a doorway 10 feet wide at F so that, in cleaning, a wagon can back under the sill and toward the other end of the vat. G are windows. [illegible] there are windows in the elevation for sufficient sunlight. It will be seen the manure from the horse stables goes into the vat every day and the liquids from the piggery constantly dripping in, while the pigs are in there getting [illegible] rooting it all over.

During the summer we put up the doorway of vat at K, a board or two at a time as needed, and throw in anything we can obtain for the pigs to work at. Some seasons we gather several wagon loads of muck that collects at the end of Spring Lake on our farm. This we throw in any time if there is an excess of liquids. Any weeds or forest leaves, waste refuse from the garden, in fact, anything put in here will come out a first class fertilizer in the spring and I have yet to use any fertilizer [illegible] purchased, that gives as good or as lasting results. Kept entirely from the weather and made watertight so there is no drainage, I believe the amount of fertilizer is nearly equal in value to the pork itself.

STARTER FOR RIPENING CREAM

One as Good as Any Can Be Prepared at Home.

To prepare a starter for ripening cream for use in a private dairy select the milk fresh from a cow—one that has not calved more than two or three months ago and that is in perfect health. In milking this cow take all possible precautions to keep the milk free from dust and dirt. The cow should be cleaned and brushed off half an hour before milking, and the first and second squirt from each teat should be thrown away, or given to the cat. See that the pail is perfectly clean and rinsed with boiling water.

Set this milk in ice water—plenty of ice—so as to rush up all the cream in 10 or 12 hours, and skim it. If you have a separator, run it through by itself. Of this skimmilk take about 10 pounds for every 100 pounds of cream which you expect to churn. Heat it to 90 degrees, and keep it between 80 and 90 degrees till it is coagulated.

This can be done by placing the can in a warm water bath, or by placing it, after heating, in a box with some insulating material. The [illegible] has often [illegible] hay pressed firmly in in such a manner as to leave a hole for the can, which should have six inches of hay under the bottom and at the sides. Cover with a wooden cover, a cloth and some hay, or, better still, a cushion made for it. The poorest farmer can thus obtain the same result as those who can afford to buy a fermenting can which is very nice to have.

As soon as coagulated into one solid mass, the can should be placed in as cool a place as possible till needed, and it should not be shaken. If the coagulum is disturbed it will whey off and the curd become hard.

When ready to use a little hair sieve is very handy to stir the starter through, so as to be sure to get it smooth and [illegible] into the cream, but it is not necessary as long as it is broken up fine just before adding to the cream, which should be from 60 to 70 degrees according to the [illegible] in which it is desired to ripen and the temperature in the room. That temperature as well as the quantity of starter to be used must be decided on after a little experimenting. A [illegible] per cent starter for unpasteurized [illegible] and [illegible] 10 for pasteurized cream will, as a rule, [illegible] has the cream ripe at 65 degrees [illegible] 22 hours.

If the dairy is conducted on model lines and all the cows kept clean, etc., and if about half the herd is fresh milking, there is, as a rule, no need of any starter at all. The cream will ripen simply by warming it [illegible] [illegible] and keeping it there till nearly ripe, when of course it should be cooled down to a degree or two below churning temperature. On the other hand, if conditions in the dairy are not perfect, or if a majority of the cows are stripping [illegible] pays to use a starter.

If there should be objections to the daily trouble of securing a good starter, it may be enough to secure it once a fortnight (more or less) and propagate it from day to day as described for the cream [illegible]

[illegible]

We have thus described it in detail. [illegible] [illegible] commercial starter has been made as yet [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] uniformity.—Country Gentleman.

Dairy and Creamery

Vaseline is excellent to rub on a cow's scratched or chapped teat.

If the dairyman [illegible] years ago could come to life and see the big creameries now in operation, the great cattle barns with [illegible] lights and appliances for warming water for the cows to drink in winter he would [illegible] open their eyes!

[illegible] industry in the United [illegible]

[illegible]

An English dairyman who still gives his cows drink by the old fashioned method of carrying pails of water to them says he always performs this task himself because he never found any farm laborer whom he could trust. The hired man will always swear he gave the cows a drink "about an hour ago," when it may have been five or six hours. The state of affairs indicated by this story is tough on both employer and hired man.

[illegible] is a very cooling and soothing to fevered cows.

FREE SILVER'S EVILS.

Startling Evidences in Colombia of the White Metal's Undesirability.

COST OF LIVING DOUBLE.

United States Minister McKinney's Great Object Lesson.

THE FACTS ARE UNDISPUTED.

It Is Shown That While Wages Have Increased Fifty Per Cent., Provisions and the Necessities of Life Have Gone Up About Two Hundred Per Cent.—How Does This Help the Man Who Works for a Living.

The following letter which eloquently shows the evils of free silver has been received from Luther F. McKinney United States Minister to Bogota:

BOGOTA, June 17.—As the money question seems to be the important question in the present political contest in the United States I thought it might be of interest to know what effect silver legislation has had upon the people of Colombia.

Twenty years ago in 1876 gold and silver were coined in the mints of Colombia, both being a legal tender for all debts, and at that time owing to the scarcity of the white metal silver was at a premium over gold of about 3 per cent.

About 1880 gold was at a premium because the imports exceeded the exports, and as the balance had to be paid in gold it required a small premium to get the gold for the purpose. Up to 1885 the government continued to coin gold and silver, and at that time gold was at a premium over silver of about 20 per cent.

In 1885 congress passed a law that made paper money a legal tender for all debts, the paper to be payable in gold or silver at the option of this government, this being an attempt to make silver at a par with gold.

Gold 100 Per Cent Premium.

This was an impossibility for at once the gold all went out of the country and the government was on a silver basis in spite of its efforts by legislation to keep gold and silver at a parity. From that time to this there has been no gold in circulation in Colombia.

The effect of this was to raise the premium on gold from 20 per cent. in 1885 to 130 per cent. in 1896.

At the present time June 17 exchange on New York is 140 the price of exchange depending wholly upon the number of drafts upon the market and the demand for them. As the coffee crop is being shipped at this time and the merchants for certain reasons are not importing largely the price of exchange is low.

In the department of Panama paper money is not used, silver being the only medium of circulation the result being that silver in the other departments has entirely gone out of circulation and paper is the only money used.

If one goes to market in Bogota and offers silver for his dinner it is refused. As exchange is lower in Panama than in other parts of the country speculators buy all the silver they can find at a premium of from 5 to 10 per cent. and send it to Panama and make a profit. Now to show the effect of this upon the people of Colombia I will give facts that are well authenticated.

Prices Soar Upward.

In 1885 when gold was at a premium of 20 per cent. wages of workingmen on the plains of Bogota were forty cents a day, and in the hot country sixty cents a day. At the present time wages are sixty and ninety cents respectively an advance of 50 per cent. All provisions have increased in cost about 200 per cent. Meats at that time were selling for from twelve to fifteen cents per pound. At the present time they sell for forty and fifty cents.

House rents have increased from 100 to 200 per cent. Small tenements, such as poor people occupy could be had in 1885 for $3 a month now the same tenements bring $8. In 1884 and 1885 the Protestant minister of Bogota occupied a house for which he paid $30 a month at the present time the same house brings $200 a month.

Mean Quality of Goods.

In 1885 table board could be had at the best hotels for $1 a day now it is $3 a day, and the proprietors all say there is much less money in the business than when they received $1. Wearing apparel has not increased in price in proportion to provisions, but this is because the people are too poor to buy the goods they were in the habit of wearing before and the merchants have placed upon the market the poorest quality of goods made in Europe for the market. The reason that merchants give for not buying more goods in the United States is that the goods are too good and the people cannot afford to buy them.

It seems to me that if the workingmen of the United States will study this object lesson they will readily see that what they want is an honest dollar that will buy as much in the markets abroad as the dollar of any other nation.

Two Dollars for One.

If silver is coined in the United States at the rate of 16 to 1 while the gold in a gold dollar is worth 100 cents in any country in the world and the silver in a silver dollar is only worth 50 cents, is it not plain that the experience of Colombia, and in fact all South American countries where it has been tried will be the experience of the United States?

The gold will all leave the country and it will require two dollars of silver to buy one dollar's worth of goods in the markets of the world where gold is the standard.

The next question is will the wages of labor be increased in proportion to the increase of the cost of living? The price of labor will always be governed by the law of supply and demand, while the cost of living will be governed by the value of the dollar that the laborer receives for his toil.

Free Silver Means Poverty.

Silver legislation in every country where an effort has been made to make a silver dollar equal to a gold dollar has resulted in poverty to the man who labors, and the attempt in the United States can but give the same results.

Three years in this country has given me some practical knowledge of the effect of a silver and paper currency, and I send you the above facts, as they are well known to the people here.

LUTHER F. MCKINNEY,
United States Minister

The Silver Catechism.

Q. All the silver countries slipped down [illegible] between 1873 and 1893 at the average rate [illegible] per cent a year? A. Yes.

Q. And [illegible] the [illegible] countries [illegible] with them [illegible] are slipping and [illegible] now [illegible] France and the [illegible] [illegible] in the parity with difficulty and this difficulty is increasing.

Q. What [illegible] between us and the [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] would [illegible] gold when gold is [illegible]

Q. Suppose the parity should be broken by the stoppage of this redemption what would happen? A. We would begin sliding down rapidly to a silver basis.

Q. How would this downward motion be shown [illegible] A. By a premium on gold. [illegible] [illegible] would [illegible] [illegible] paper at a discount [illegible] [illegible] silver [illegible] at parity. Greenbacks [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] paper at parity. [illegible] paper and silver would [illegible] parity until [illegible] reached [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] our paper [illegible] silver would be at a premium as [illegible] in [illegible] [illegible] countries.

Q. Would it affect anybody? A. It would affect everybody seriously but so insidiously that few would know what was the matter.

Q. How? A. The price of all imported commodities bought at gold valuation would rise a little beyond the gold premium. So would all domestic commodities whose price here is regulated by the price abroad. The man who could get 10 cents in gold for cotton in Liverpool would not sell it to the New England manufacturer for 10 cents in silver or paper. With every domestic product for which there is a foreign gold market the gold premium would be added to the paper silver price in the domestic market. These would include breadstuffs and provisions.

Q. What products would not rise in value? A. Those the prices of which are fixed by local conditions, those that cannot be exported to get the gold valuation—poultry, fish, butter, milk, vegetables, hay, fruits and all factory or mill [illegible] the raw material was not [illegible] foreign price as it would [illegible]

Q. What would be the effect on wages and salaries? A. They would not rise. A man could not send his labor to London or Paris. If he could he would not get any more for it. There would be no reason for the inflation of wages. Nothing would rise in value unless the man owning it could dispose of it to some one at a higher price. This law would apply equally to wages, rents and to labor products.

Q. Then silver inflation would not raise wages or salaries? A. There is no reason to expect it or analogy to support the belief either while we were sliding down to a silver basis, or after we got there. If we went further to a paper basis, and silver went to a premium then wages would in time keep somewhere near the "specie" basis, as they did between 1862 and 1879, but while the specie basis was silver and wages were paid in silver they would not be affected by small changes in its purchasing power, any more than they are now by any increase or decrease in the purchasing power of gold. A paper basis raises the price of everything to conform to the specie behind it, the silver-specie basis would only raise the price of certain things for which we had a foreign gold market.

Q. But the cost of living would be greatly increased on a silver basis? A. As we live now, yes. Coffee, tea, sugar, rice and many other common things of this kind would become luxuries beyond the power of the workingman to buy. He would have to live on what would not increase in value, having only his present wages or salary to buy with.

TOM REED has fired a shot for gold that is being heard round the world.

THE scheme for the unlimited coinage of 50 cent silver is wholly opposed to mathematics, logic and morality.

Condensed Testimony

Chas. B. Hood, Broker and Manufacturer's Agent, Columbus, Ohio, certifies that Dr King's New Discovery has no equal as a Cough remedy. J. D. Brown, Prop. St. James Hotel, Ft. Wayne, Ind., testifies that he was cured of a Cough of two years standing, caused by la grippe, by Dr. King's New Discovery. B. F. Merrill, Baldwinsville, Mass., says that he has used and recommended it and never knew it to fail and would rather have it than any doctor because it always cures. Mrs. Hemming, 222 E. 25th St., Chicago, always keeps it on hand and has no fear of croup, because it instantly relieves. Free trial bottles at the drug store of A. W. Colegrove's and A. D. Armstrong & Co.

English Spavin Liniment removes all hard, soft or calloused lumps and blemishes from horses, blood spavins curbs, splints, sweeney, ring-bone, stifles, sprains, all swollen throats, coughs, etc. Save $50 by use of one bottle. Warranted the most wonderful blemish cure ever known. Sold by A. D. Armstrong, Druggist, Smethport, Pa.

Nobody need have Neuralgia. Get Dr Miles' Pain Pills from druggists. "One cent a dose."

A St. Louis manufacturer has offered to pay his employes two Mexican dollars for every dollar due them in American money, but the workmen wisely prefer a dollar that is worth its face value. Yet there is enough silver in nine Mexican dollars to coin ten silver dollars in this country, at a ratio of 16 to 1 with gold. Let a free coinage law be enacted, however, and the wage earner would not even get the equivalent of one Mexican dollar in exchange for a full dollar's worth of labor.—Philadelphia Record.

UNDER free coinage the silver mine owner will take 53 cents' worth of silver to the mint and have it coined into a 100-cent dollar. That is a good scheme for the owner of silver bullion. Now, why shouldn't the farmer be permitted to take a bushel of 60-cent wheat to the mill and have it made into flour that will sell for $1.50? There is money in mining silver at 53 cents, but mighty little in raising wheat at 60 cents and there are 1,000 farmers to one silver mine owner. Let both industries be protected if the government is going into the business.—Indiana Messenger.

THE New York Herald's canvass of the colleges of the country shows that the feeling among the heads of these institutions is strongly for McKinley because of the declaration of the Republican party against free silver. These men are close students of affairs and pose as the faculty of getting down to the bottom of a proposition. If it be logically unsound they are quick to perceive it. It requires little examination for them to realize that the free coinage idea is as wrong in economics as it is in morals, and that it is a positive menace to the honor and credit of the country and a deterrent to industrial prosperity.

ONE of the effects of free silver is that business people are losing confidence and taking all possible precautions against future loss or disaster. Parties engaged in making loans and otherwise helping those who have business enterprise absolutely refuse to loan on bond and mortgage unless for self protection a gold clause is inserted. In other words it becomes more difficult every day to borrow capital and when capital is idle the working man is also idle. Capital can stand idleness and can trip it to Europe, the workingman cannot stand it and can only trip it to the workhouse.—Reading Review.

IT is well to remember that France tried the free coinage of silver, and stopped it in 1876. When the Populists point to France as a prosperous free silver country the Populists either ignorantly or deliberately lie. France found it necessary to stop the free coinage of silver in order to maintain its parity with gold when the bullion value of silver was greater than it is to-day. In France the experiment was tried and it failed. Ordinary wisdom ought to teach us to avoid such a disastrous experiment. But the Popocratic cranks seem to think that the United States is big enough to get along without international association. No country in the world is big enough for that.—Philadelphia North American.

THE man who tells you that free silver is a "cinch" is the man who is badly in debt, and sees a dishonest way out of it. The man who wants to be sure that his savings are worth 100 cents on the dollar in any country in the world will promptly repudiate the repudiationists and vote for William McKinley. You can't fool all of the people much of the time. Honest men everywhere demand honest money. Fifty-three cent dollars would depreciate values and completely demoralize industrial trade. With all the eloquence of Popocratic Mr Bryan the people will never believe that 53 cents can be made equal to 100 cents in the markets of the world. The silver freaks are attacking the common sense of the community, and the community rebels.—Philadelphia North American.

Women's Bicycles

The lightest and most graceful and beautiful bicycles made for woman's use are Models 41 and 42 of

Columbia

STANDARD OF THE WORLD.

Let us show you these—$100. Also the drop frame models of Hartford Bicycles—

$65, $50, $45

Beautiful Art Catalogue is free if you call.

M. L. Armstrong, Agt.

SEASON OF 1896!

I have just received an unusually fine line of

WALL PAPER,

comprising all the latest designs ranging in prices from 4 cents to $1.00 per roll. These goods were selected with great care and we are satisfied that we can give you a better quality of paper and at lower prices than any peddler or outside concern and furthermore, when you purchase these goods of us you know just what you are getting. Call at Furniture store of Specht & Sasse and inspect goods. Experienced paper hangers furnished when desired and all work guaranteed.

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Best Bicycles to buy are the

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Everything is up to date, and new work and repairing done neatly and promptly

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Nice Piece of Meat

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INTO THE STORE OF

MRS. T. D. NASH

WILL CONVINCE YOU THAT SHE HAS

SOME WONDERFUL BARGAINS

IN EVERY DEPARTMENT THIS WEEK.

COME AND SEE.

New Management! - - New Goods!

Having recently purchased the Mercantile Business of P. D. Hopkins, it will be my endeavor to give everyone a

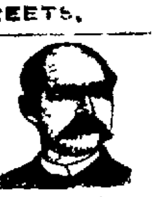
SQUARE DEAL.

As the best advertisement possible are the customers well pleased with the Groceries, Dry Goods, etc., we've sold them—pleased with their investment clear through. They will come again and their friends will follow. Call and see my new goods and get prices.

Wm. HAFNER,

CORNER MILL and MECHANIC STREETS.

W. L. Douglas $3.00 SHOE



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A $5.00 SHOE FOR $3.00.

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W. L. Douglas $3.50, $4.00 and $5.00 Shoes are the productions of skilled workmen, from the best material possible to put into shoes sold at these prices.

The "Belmont" and "Pointed Toe" (shown in cuts) will be the leaders this season, but any other style desired may be obtained from our agents.

We use only the best Calf, Russia Calf (all colors), French Patent Calf, French Enamel, Vici Kid, etc., graded to correspond with prices of the shoes.

If dealer cannot supply you, write W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass. CATALOGUE FREE.

We make also $2.50 and $2.25 shoes for men and $2.50, $2.00 and $1.75 for boys.

The full line for sale by

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J. C. STULL, Farmers Valley.

To the Farmers of this vicinity, I have the agency for the Famous DEERING Binders, Mowers and Reapers. Do not purchase until you have seen them.

My stock of Dry Goods, Groceries, Boots, Shoes and Hardware is complete. My feed, meal, oats and other grain always on hand.

Prices as Low as The [illegible]

TRAVELER'S GUIDE

WESTERN NEW YORK AND PENNSYLVANIA

TIME TABLE

In effect Dec. 1, 1895.

Trains leave Smethport for Larabee, Eldred, Olean, Bradford, Rochester and Buffalo as follows:

Buffalo Express, daily except Sunday [illegible] a. m.
Buffalo Mail, daily except Sunday [illegible] p. m.
Train leaving Smethport at 2.31 p. m. connects at Olean with River Division for [illegible] Salamanca, Oil City and Pittsburg.

For Clermont, Johnsonburg, and points south.
Clermont Mail, daily except Sunday [illegible] a. m.
Clermont Accom'dation daily ex. Sunday [illegible] p. m.
LOCAL daily, except Sunday [illegible] p. m.
Clermont Mail connects through [illegible] burgh.

Get Time Tables giving full information from
A. F. WORKMAN, Ticket Agent,
E. BELL, General Supt.
J. A. FELLOWS, Gen. Pass'r & Ticket Agt.
General offices Mooney Brisbane [illegible] Cor. Main and Clinton st. Buffalo N. Y.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD

PHILADELPHIA & ERIE DIVISION TIME TABLE. In effect June [illegible] 1896.

TRAINS LEAVE EMPORIUM JUNCTION EASTWARD

8.25 a. m.—Train 8, daily except Sunday for Sunbury, Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia [illegible] New York 9.23 p. m., Baltimore [illegible] Washington 7.15 p.m. Pullman Parlor car [illegible] from Williamsport and passenger coaches from Kane to Philadelphia.

3 18 p. m.—Train 6, daily except Sunday for Harrisburg and intermediate stations arriving at Philadelphia [illegible] New York [illegible] a. m. Pullman sleeping cars from Harrisburg to Philadelphia and New York. Philadelphia passengers can remain in sleeper undisturbed until 7.30 a. m.

9.30 p. m.—Train 4, daily for Sunbury, Harrisburg and intermediate stations arriving at Philadelphia 6.52 a. m., New York [illegible] week days (10.28 a. m. Sundays) [illegible] 6.20 a. m., Washington 7 [illegible] a. m. [illegible] sleeping cars from Erie and Williamsport to Philadelphia and passenger cars from Erie to Philadelphia, and Williamsport to Baltimore. Passengers in sleeper for Baltimore and Washington will be transferred into Washington sleeper at Harrisburg.

WESTWARD

7.46 a. m.—Train 1 daily except Sunday for Ridgway, DuBois, Clermont and intermediate stations, leaves Ridgway 2.15 p. m. for Erie.
10.25 a. m.—Train 3, daily for Erie and intermediate stations.
6.35 p. m.—Train 11 daily except Sunday Kane and intermediate stations.

THROUGH TRAINS for EMPORIUM JUNCTION FROM THE EAST AND SOUTH

Train 1 leaves Renovo 4.05 a. m. daily except Sunday, arriving at Emporium Jc [illegible] a. m.
Train 11 leaves Philadelphia 8.50 a. m. Washington 7.50 a. m., Baltimore 8.50 a. m. Wilkesbarre 10 15 a. m., daily except Sunday arriving at Emporium Junction [illegible] p. m. with Pullman Parlor car from Philadelphia to Williamsport and passenger coaches to Kane.
Train 3, leaves New York 8.00 p. m. Philadelphia 11.20 p. m., Washington 10.40 p. m. Baltimore 11.50 p. m. daily arriving at Emporium June. 10.25 a.m. with Pullman Palace sleeping cars from Philadelphia to Erie and from Washington and Baltimore to Williamsport and passenger coaches from Philadelphia to Erie.

JOHNSONBURG RAILROAD

Daily except Sunday

NORTH A. M. Lv	STATIONS.	SOUTH Ar. A. M.
[illegible]	Ridgway	[illegible]
[illegible]	Johnsonburg	[illegible]
[illegible]	Bendigo	[illegible]
9.55	Glen Hazel	[illegible]
[illegible]	Straight	[illegible]
[illegible]	Instanter	[illegible]
[illegible]	Smith's Run	[illegible]
[illegible]	Woodvale	[illegible]
[illegible]	Clermont.	[illegible]

Connections are made with Train [illegible] leaving Johnsonburg at 2.32 p. m. for Erie and intermediate points, arriving at Erie at [illegible] p. m. also at Ridgway with train 6, leaving Ridgway at 3 10 p. m. for Philadelphia, New York, Baltimore and Washington.

S. M. PREVOST, General Manager
J. R. WOOD, Gen'l Passenger Agent.

Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburgh Railway

THE SHORT LINE

On and after Nov 15, 1896, passenger trains Between, Buffalo, Rochester, Salamanca, Bradford, Ridgway, DuBois, Punxsutawney and the Coal and Lumber Regions of Pennsylvania will leave Bradford and Mt. Jewett daily except Sunday as follows

LEAVE BRADFORD—EAST BOUND

7.45 a. m.—Buffalo & Rochester Express—For Salamanca, Ellicottville, Springville, Colden, Buffalo, Machias, Gainesville, Silver Springs, Warsaw, LeRoy and Rochester.
2.00 p. m.—Mail—For Salamanca, Ellicottville, Springville, Colden, Buffalo, Machias, Gainesville, Silver Springs, Warsaw, LeRoy, and Rochester.
4.15 p. m.—Buffalo Express—Daily. For Limestone, Carrollton, Salamanca, Ellicottville, Springville, Colden and Buffalo.

LEAVE MT. JEWETT—SOUTH-BOUND

8.01 a. m.—Accommodation—For Johnsonburgh Ridgway, Brockwayville, DuBois and Punxsutawney.
1.56 p. m.—Mail—For Johnsonburg, Ridgway, Brockwayville, DuBois and Punxsutawney.

Thousand Mile Tickets, good for passage between all stations, at two cents per mile.

Passengers are requested to purchase tickets before entering the cars. An excess charge of TEN CENTS will be collected by Conductors when fares are paid on trains, from all stations where a Ticket Office is maintained.

For time tables and full information call on or address any of the Company's Agents, or
L. B. MCINTYRE, Agent, Bradford, Pa.
EDWARD C. LAPEY, Gen'l Passenger Agent, Rochester, N. Y.

BUFFALO & SUSQUEHANNA R. R. TIME TABLE

Took effect Monday, July 6th 1896.

1	3	5	STATIONS.	2	4	6
a.m	p.m	p.m.	Ar. Dp.	a.m	p.m	p.m.
8.50	2.30	7.35	Keating	9.15	[illegible]	[illegible]
8.35	2.02	7.15	Cowley Junc.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
8.20	1.43	6.55	Austin	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
	12.52	6.15	Costello	[illegible]	[illegible]	
	12.42	6.03	Wharton	[illegible]	[illegible]	
	12.30	5.49	Logue	[illegible]	[illegible]	
	12.18	5.00	Hull	[illegible]	[illegible]	
	11.45	5.25	Cross Fork Jc	[illegible]	[illegible]	
	10.52	4.45	Germania	1.10	[illegible]	
	10.40	4.30	Galeton	1.45	[illegible]	
	11.30	4.19	Gaines	2.10	[illegible]	
	1.30	3.55	Ansonia	[illegible]	[illegible]	
	a.m.	p.m.	Dp. Ar.	p.m.	p.m.	

a. m.	p.m.	Cross Fork Jc	[illegible]
7.30	4.00	ar Cr F'k Jc dp	[illegible]
7.20	3.50	dp Cross F'k ar	[illegible]

H. Hutchinson, Train Master.
C. W. Goodyear, Gen'l Manager

COUDERSPORT & PORT ALLEGANY Railroad Time Table, takes effect Monday Nov [illegible]

AR. EASTW'D.			STATIONS.	LV WESTW'D		
A.M.	A.M.	P.M.		A.M.	P.M.	A.M.
	7.30	2.10	Ulysses	7.41	2.20	[illegible]
	7.21	2.00	Crowell's	7.51	2.40	[illegible]
	7.17	1.55	Perkins	7.54	2.45	[illegible]
	7.13	1.50	Newfield Junc't	7.57	[illegible]	10.15
	7.06	1.42	Gold	8.04	[illegible]	[illegible]
	7.01	1.36	Raymond's	8.07	[illegible]	[illegible]
	6.50	1.24	Seven Bridg's	8.12	3.11	[illegible]
	6.46	1.20	Colesburg	8.21	3.15	[illegible]
	6.40	1.14	Frink's	8.25	3.22	11.00
	6.30	1.00		8.42	3.45	[illegible]
3.56	7.50	12.55	Coudersport	8.45	4.10	[illegible]
3.44		12.51	Hammond			1.55
3.40			Fish Basket			1.40
3.32	7.53	12.46	Olmsted	8.51	7.20	1.41
3.31	7.45	12.41	Mina	[illegible]	[illegible]	1.50
3.26		12.34	Knowlton		[illegible]	
3.21	7.30	12.29	Roulette	[illegible]	[illegible]	2.04
3.12	7.31	12.22	Burtville	9.13	[illegible]	2.20
3.05		12.17	Coleman		[illegible]	
3.00	[illegible]	12.12	Port Allegany	[illegible]	[illegible]	2.35
P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	Dep't. Arrive	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.

Trains run on eastern standard time.

B. A. McCLURE, Sup't.

Bradford, Bordell and Kinzua R. R. Co.

Direct Lines between Bradford, Kane and the Elk county oil field.

TIME TABLE IN EFFECT JULY 1 1896.

p. m.	p. m.	a. m.	Stations.	a. m.	a. m.	p. m.
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	ar Smethp't lv	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
6.05	3.15	8.26	Ormsby Jn.	8.25	11.10	[illegible]
6.00	3.30	8.20	M'Keone	8.37	11.14	[illegible]
5.53	3.22	8.22	Simpson	8.40	11.21	[illegible]
5.47	3.17	8.17	Davis	8.52	11.27	[illegible]
5.41	3.11	8.11	Aiken	8.58	11.33	[illegible]
5.35	3.05	8.05	Kinzua Jn	9.05	11.40	[illegible]
4.55	2.41	7.36	Tarport Hill	9.36	12.01	6.56
4.40	2.25	7.20	lv Bradf'd ar	9.40	11.25	7.10
5.18	1.53	8.14	Kinzua Br'd'g	8.41	3.31	[illegible]
5.47	10.51	8.12	McAmbleys	8.43	3.51	[illegible]
5.35	10.40	8.00	Mt. Jewett	9.10	4.05	[illegible]
5.23	10.30	7.50	Lafayette	9.16	4.11	[illegible]
5.19	10.24	7.44	Ormsby	9.25	4.20	[illegible]
5.14	10.19	7.33	Hazelhurst	9.30	4.25	[illegible]
5.04	10.13	7.32	Greendale	9.37	4.32	[illegible]
4.50	10.00	7.20	lv Kane ar	9.50	4.45	[illegible]
p. m.	a. m.	a. m.		a. m.	p. m.	p. m.

*Daily except Sunday.

JNO. C. MCKENNA, Gen. Pas. Agent, Bradford, Pa.

LADIES UNDER FIFTY YEARS

How often have you planked down two dollars for a box of so-called pennyroyal—tansy—cotton root, etc., etc., Female Pills, with ten thousand testimonials thrown in, and have taken them as directed with addition of a lot of herb teas—with the same old result, disappointment—time wasted—lots of trouble and expense—but no good—no relief—wiser in experience—poorer in purse. Why don't you use better judgment?

DR. DEROCHE'S

Compound Pennyroyal and Tansy Pills

Are superior to all other female pills offered for sale. How should you know this? By observing that every agent who sells them is authorized to refund money to all who are not satisfied. Just say they did not give satisfaction and you will receive one dollar, prices paid, without ceremony. Dr. DeRoche's Pennyroyal and Tansy Pills are always reliable—one always safe. They always act promptly. They never disappoint. They regulate the menstrual functions by removing the cause. They restore suppressed flow. They proved so valuable. They save doctors' bills. Why then not keep yourself healthy by using them when needed? They do the business.

Price, $1.00 at Druggists or by mail.

THE CRESCENT CHEMICAL CO., U. S. Agents, [illegible], N. Y.

For sale in Smethport by H. C. Wells, Druggist.

Mention the *Miner* when writing or calling.

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DEALERS IN

Millinery and Fancy Goods,

PORT ALLEGANY, PA.

[illegible] invited to [illegible] and get [illegible]